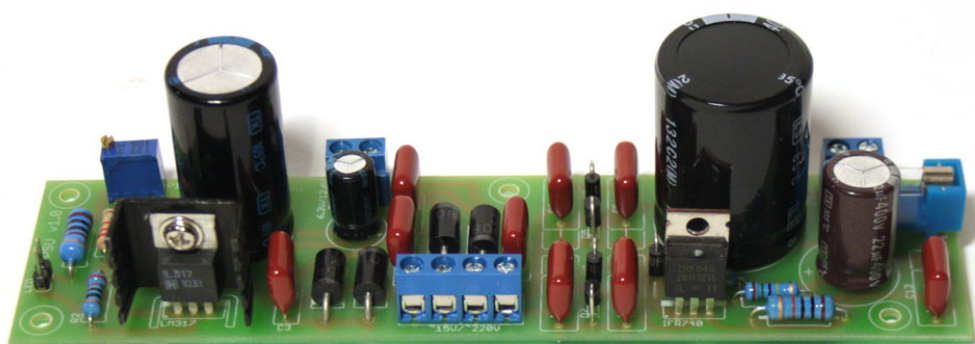


# Universal Power Supply for tube preamp (plate, filament, phantom)

## **Warning**

This document is distributed for educational purposes only. This equipment operates at **potentially lethal voltages**. Only trained, qualified personnel should operate, maintain, or service it.

## Plate and filament PSU PCB



The kit includes:

PCB

Rectifiers

Resistors

Film Capacitors

Electrolytic capacitors

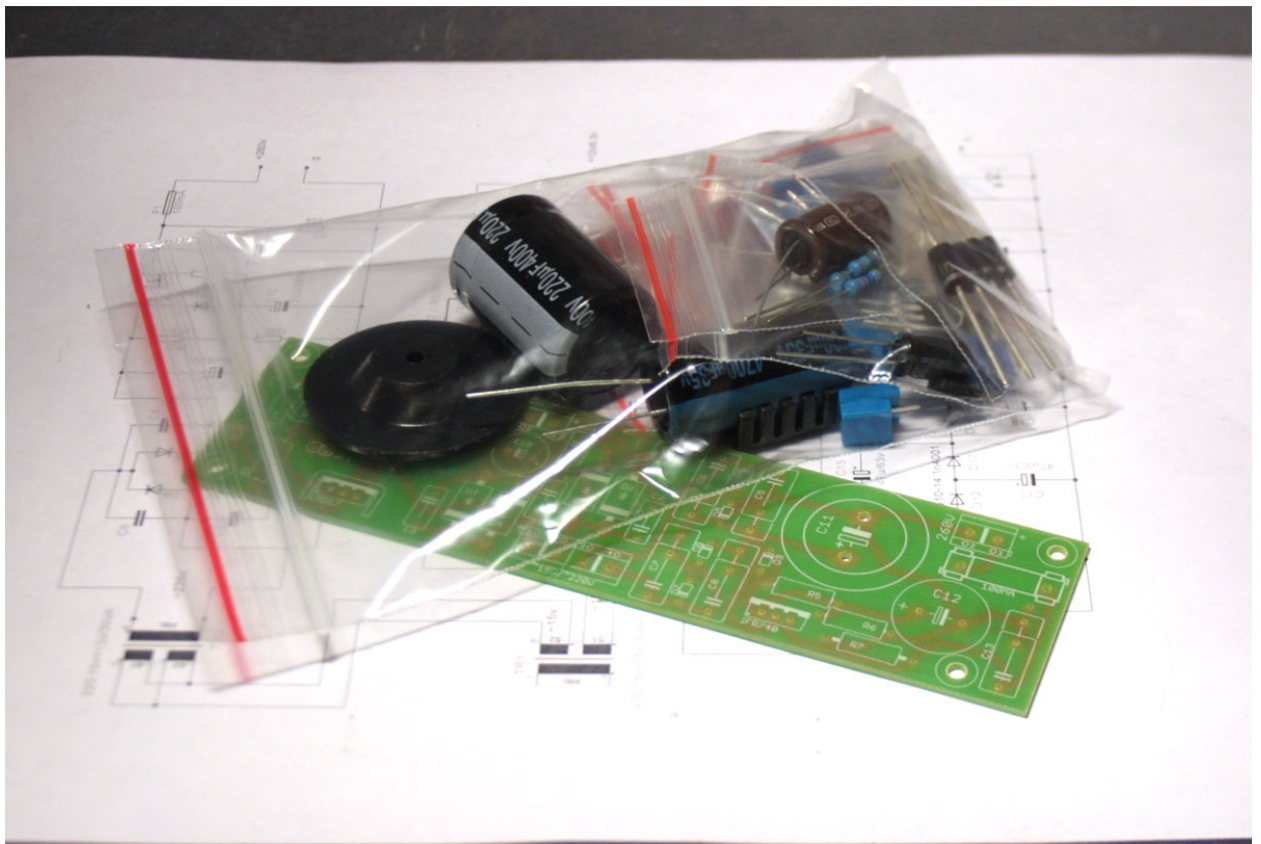
Trimmer

Connectors

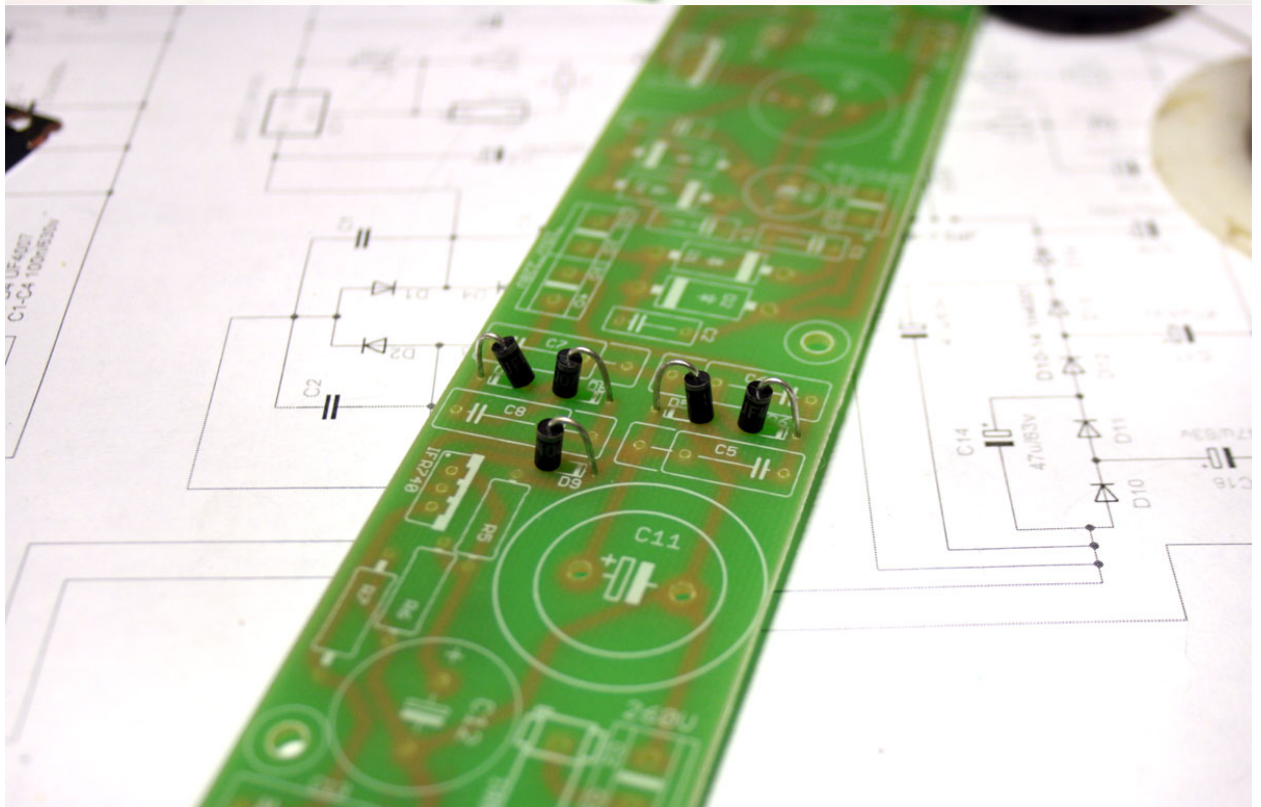
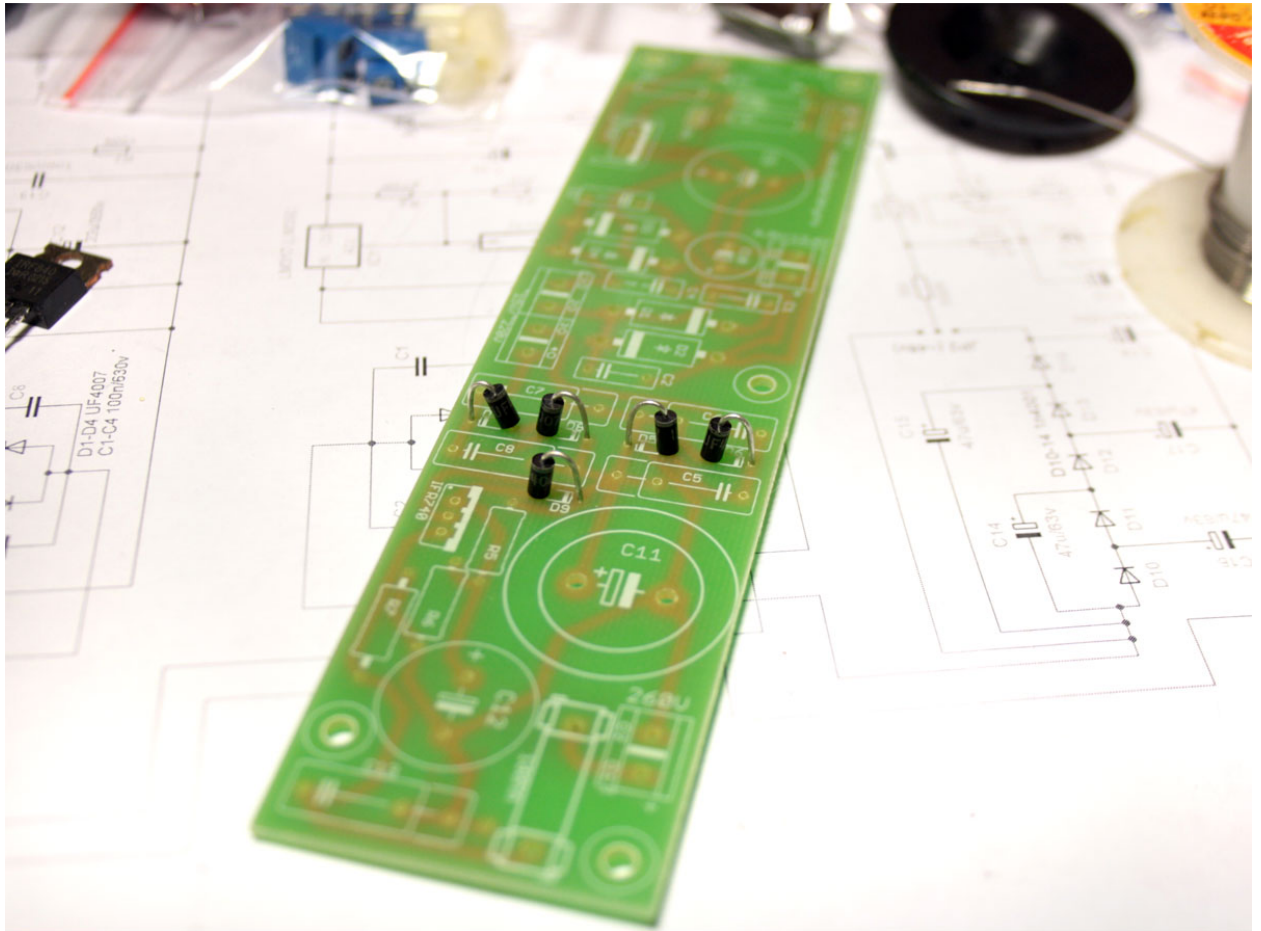
Voltage Regulators, Transistors

The radiator for the filament voltage regulator circuit

As a bonus - stands for a PCB, and hardware for a toroidal transformer (screws not supplied).

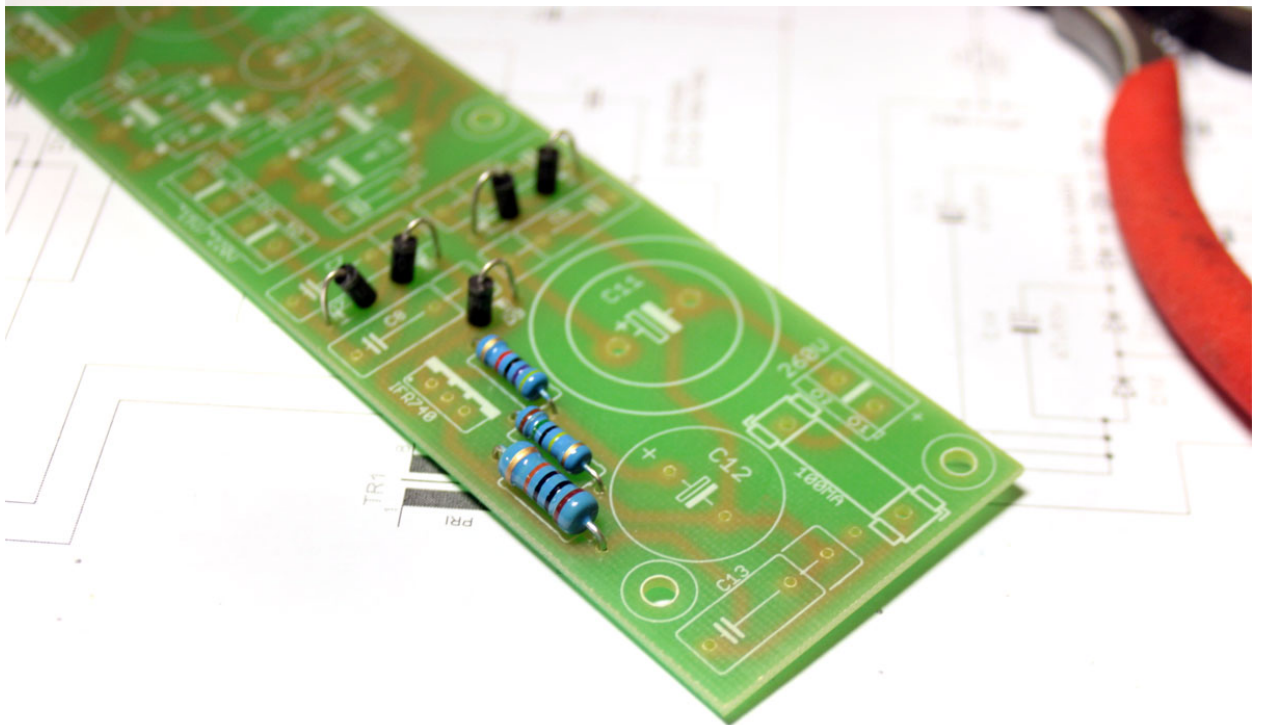
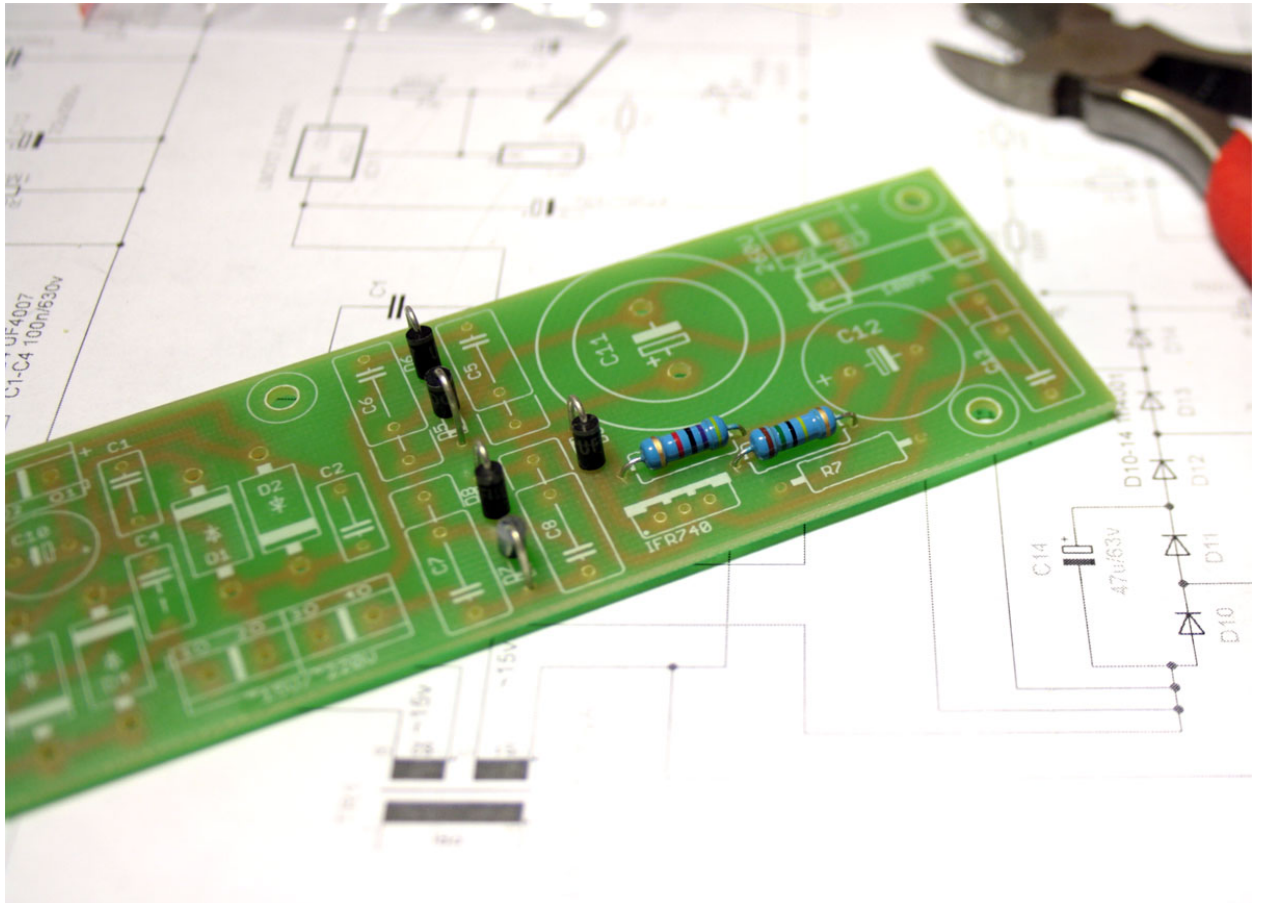


Start installation of the power supply diode in anode circuit (D5-D9). Pay attention to how the diodes are oriented on the board.

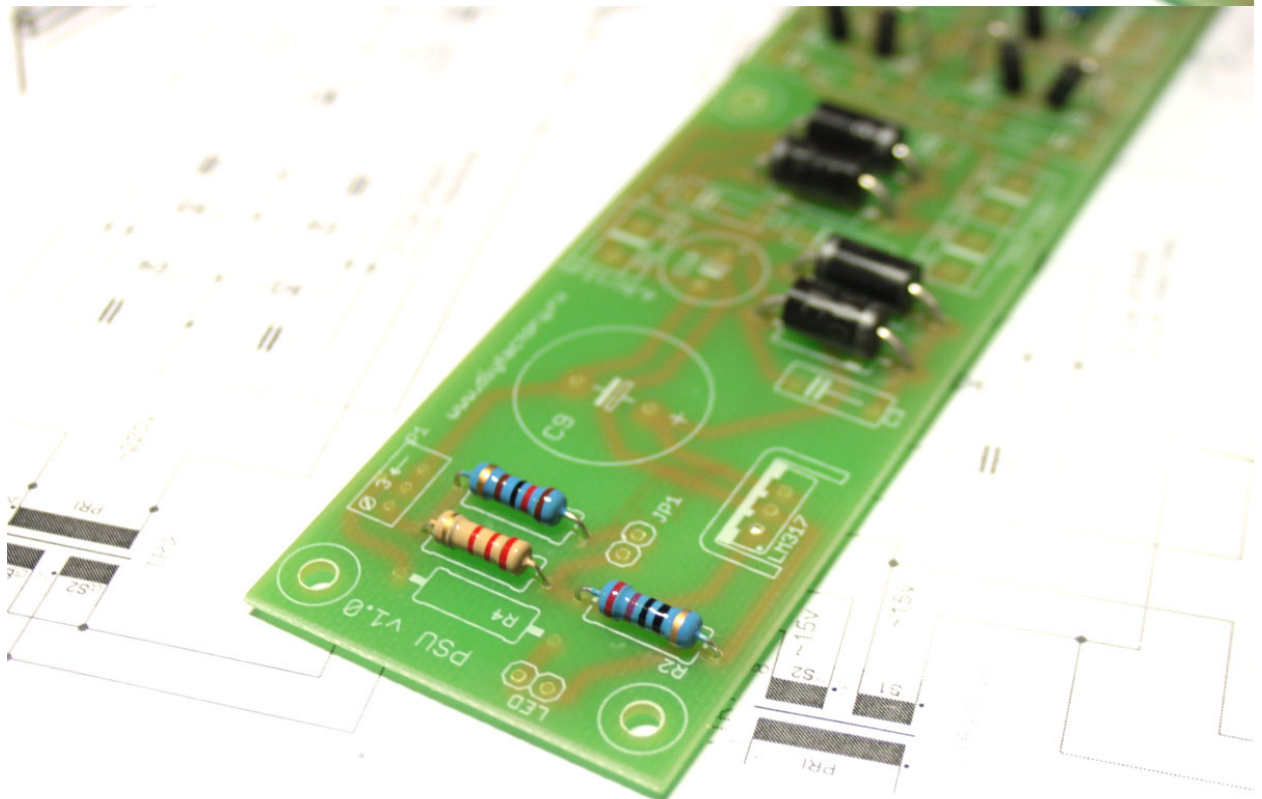
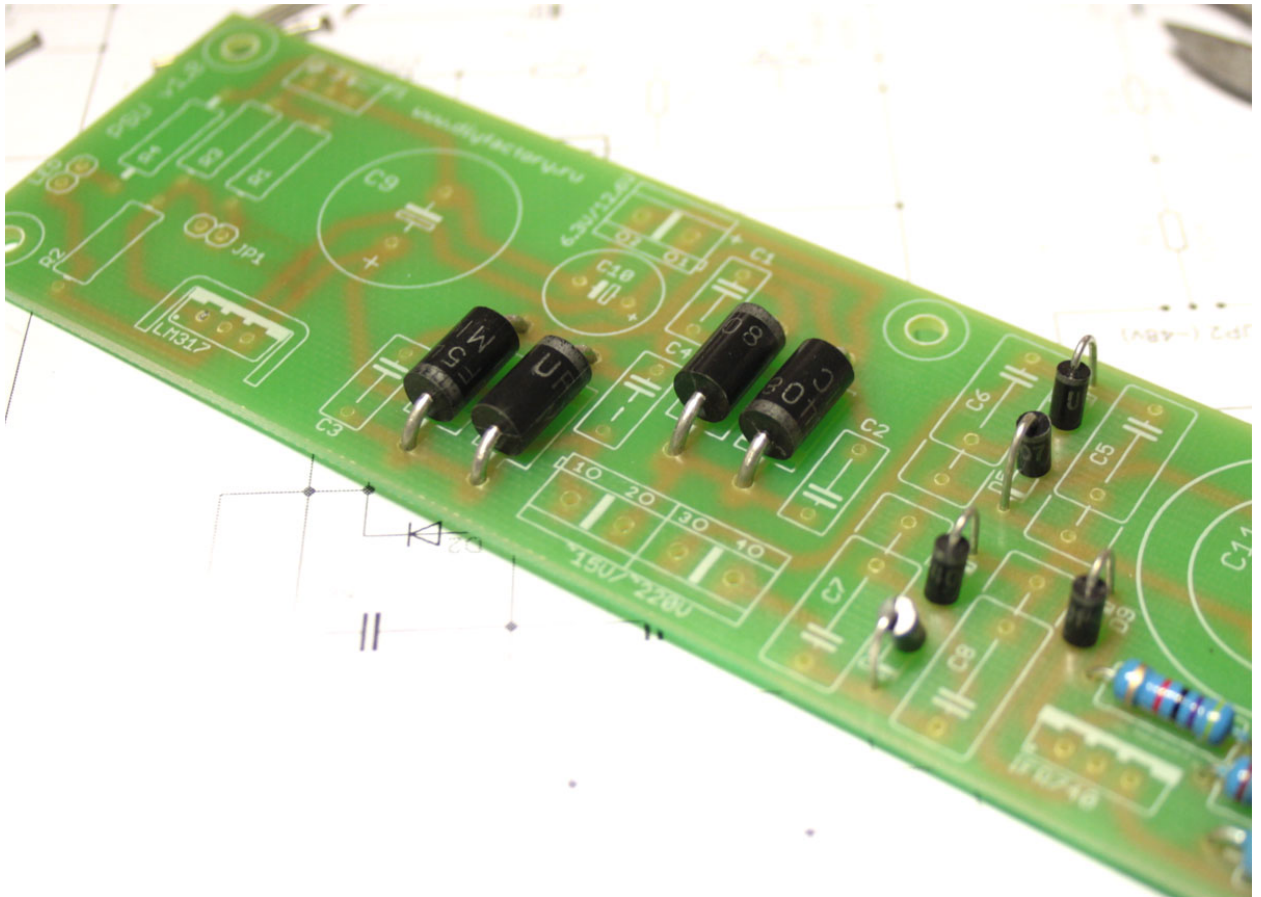




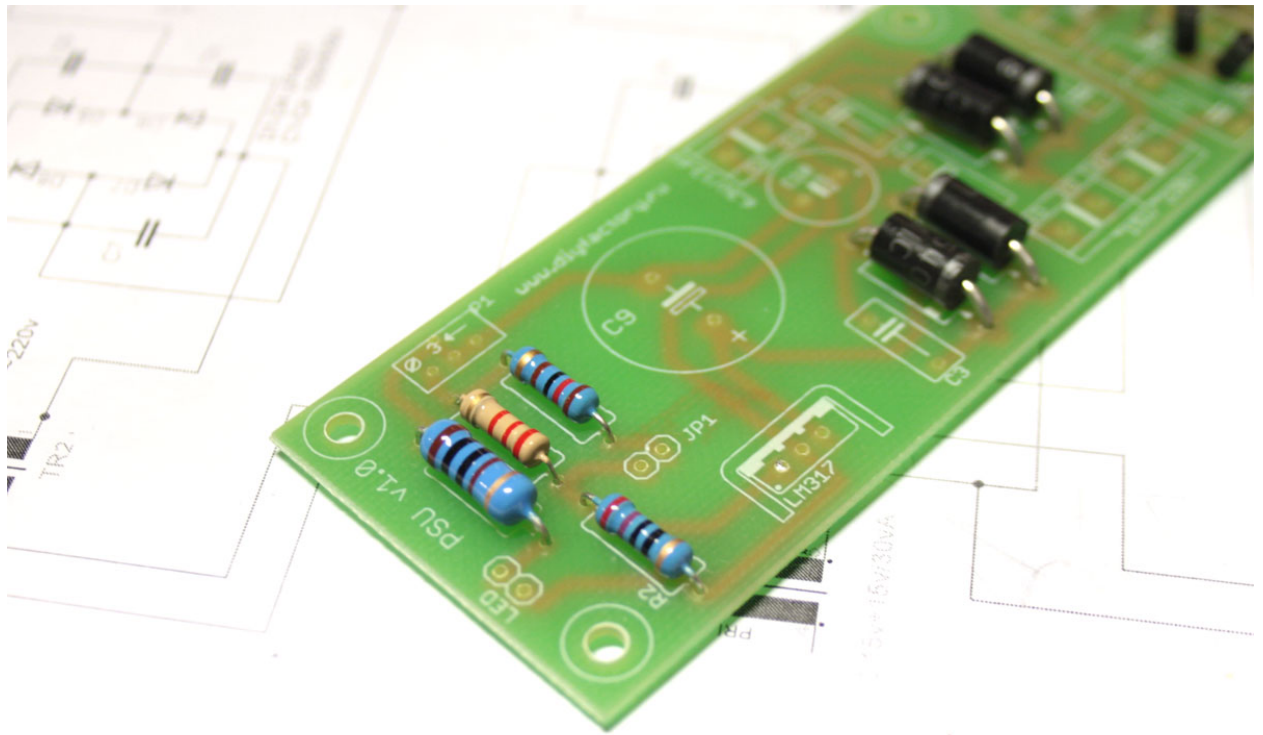
Solder resistors R5, R6, R7 (47k, 1M5, 100k).



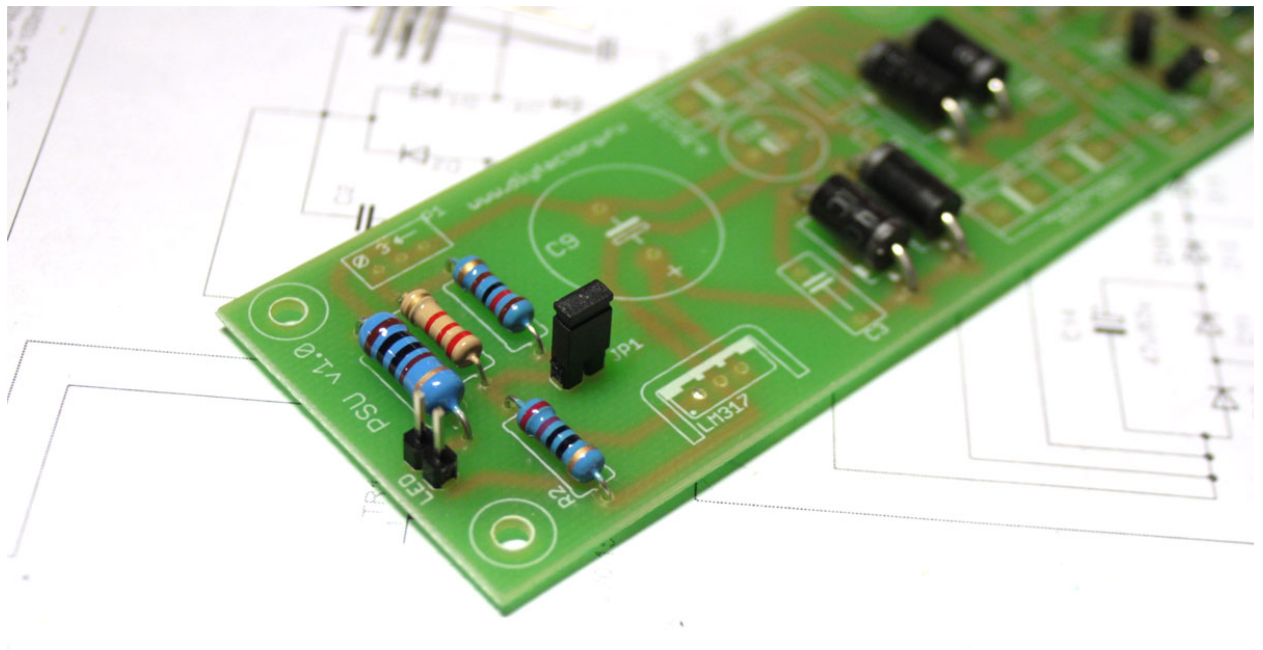
Solder filament circuit diodes. Pay attention to how the diodes are oriented on the board. Next solder R1-R4 (1k2, 270R, 2k2, 1k)



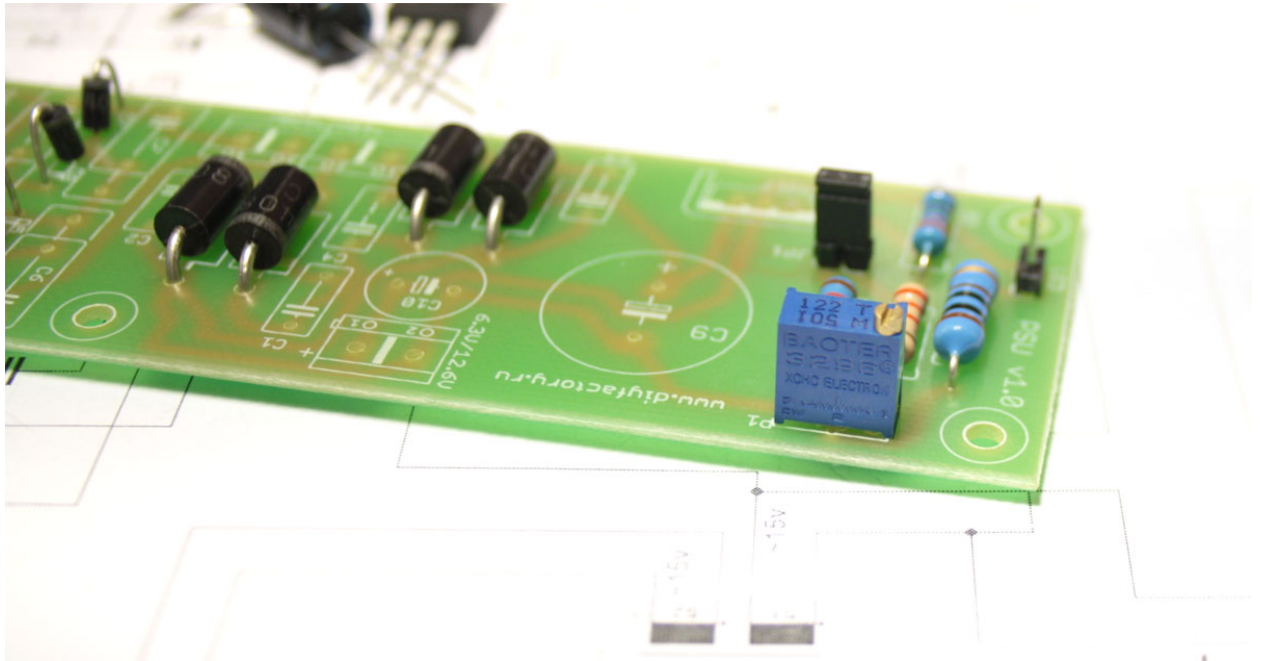




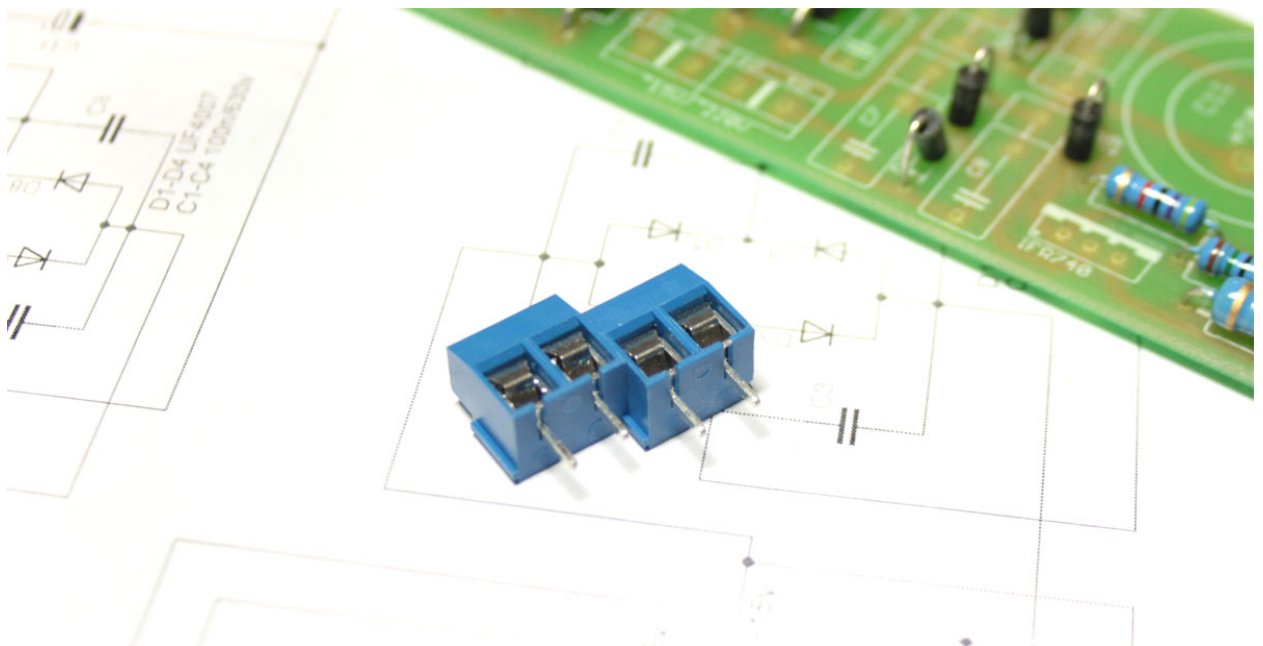
Solder the jumper (12.6v/6.3v). Jumper should be installed if we want to get to the heater supply 6.3 volts. Mount connector for LED (led) (optional).



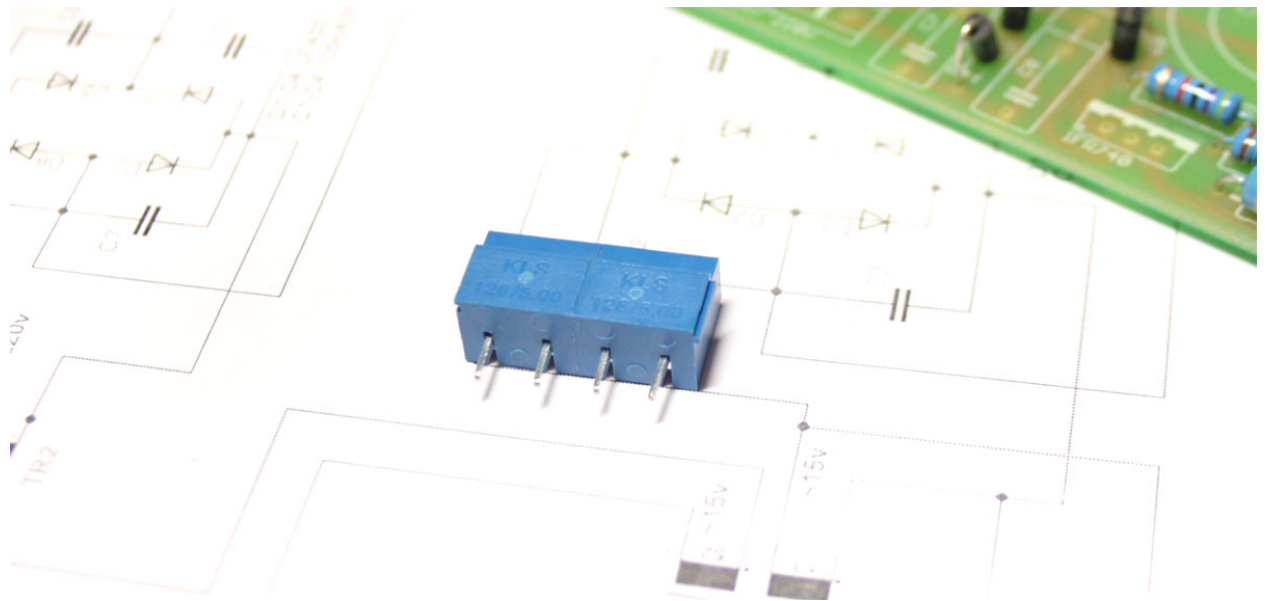
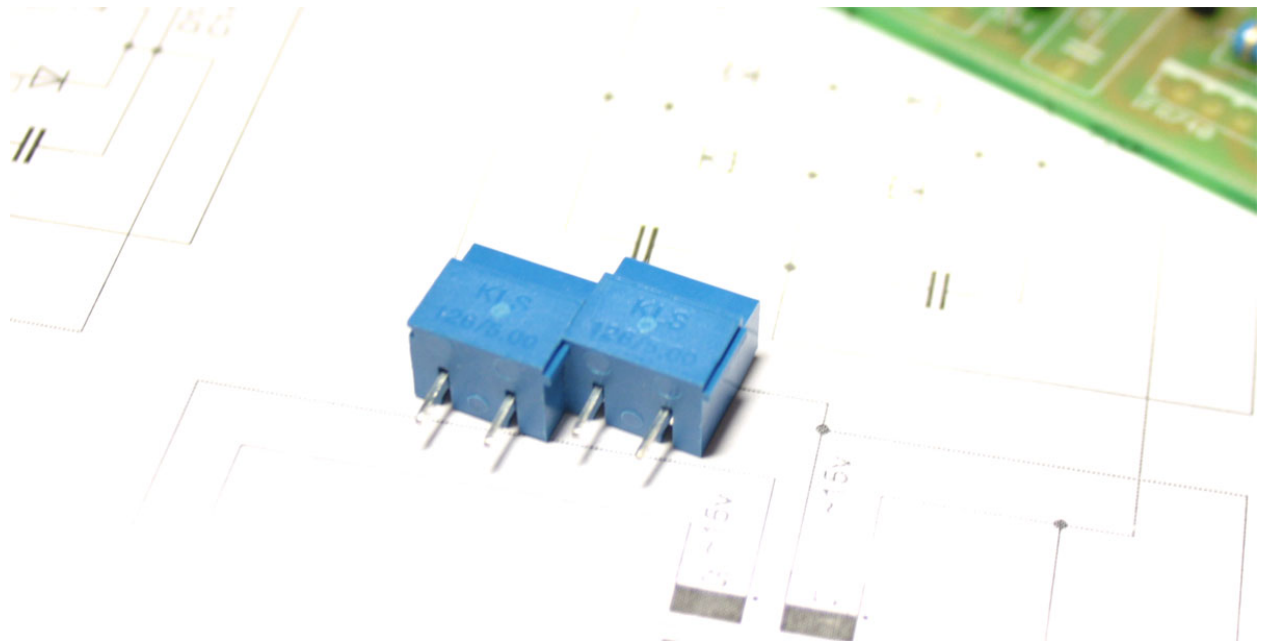
Solder filament circuit trimmer. It will let us set the voltage correctly.



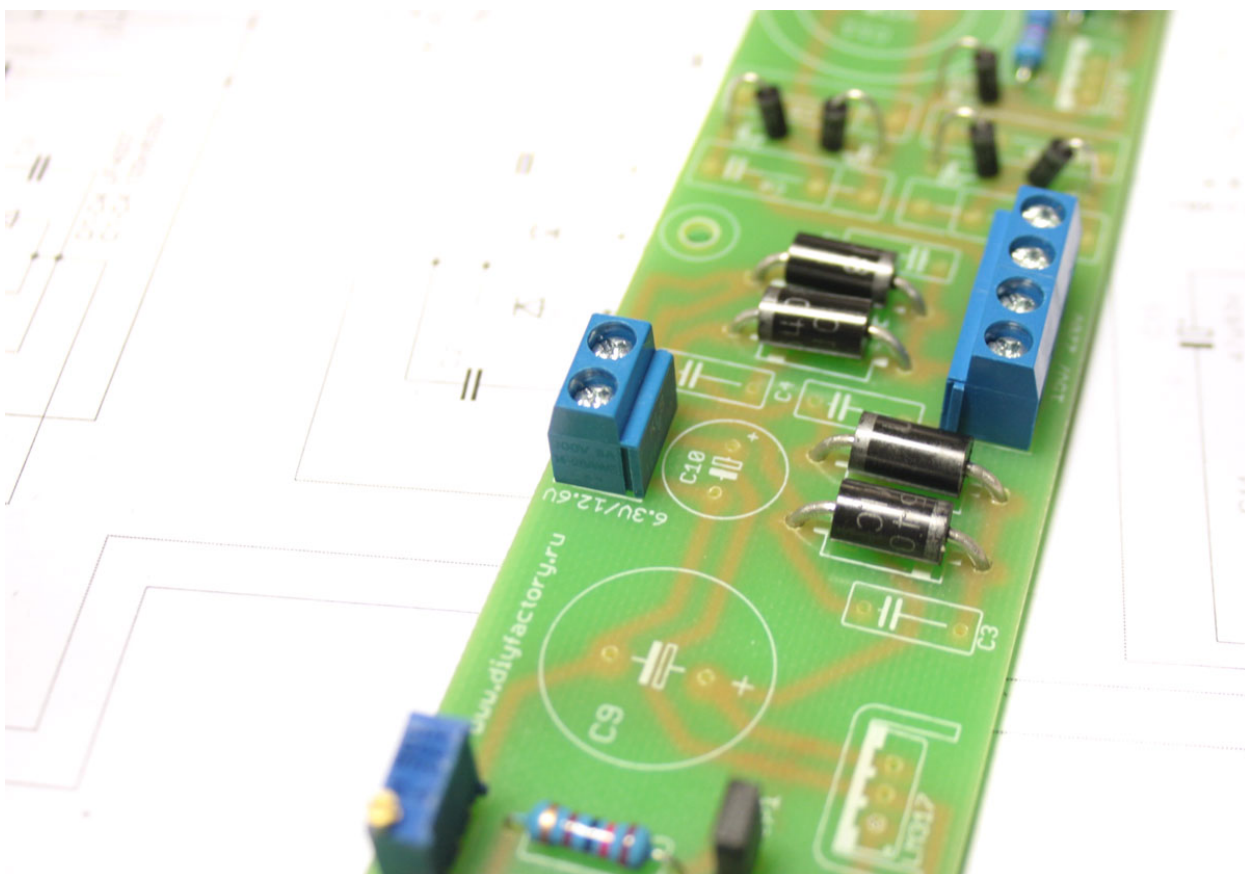
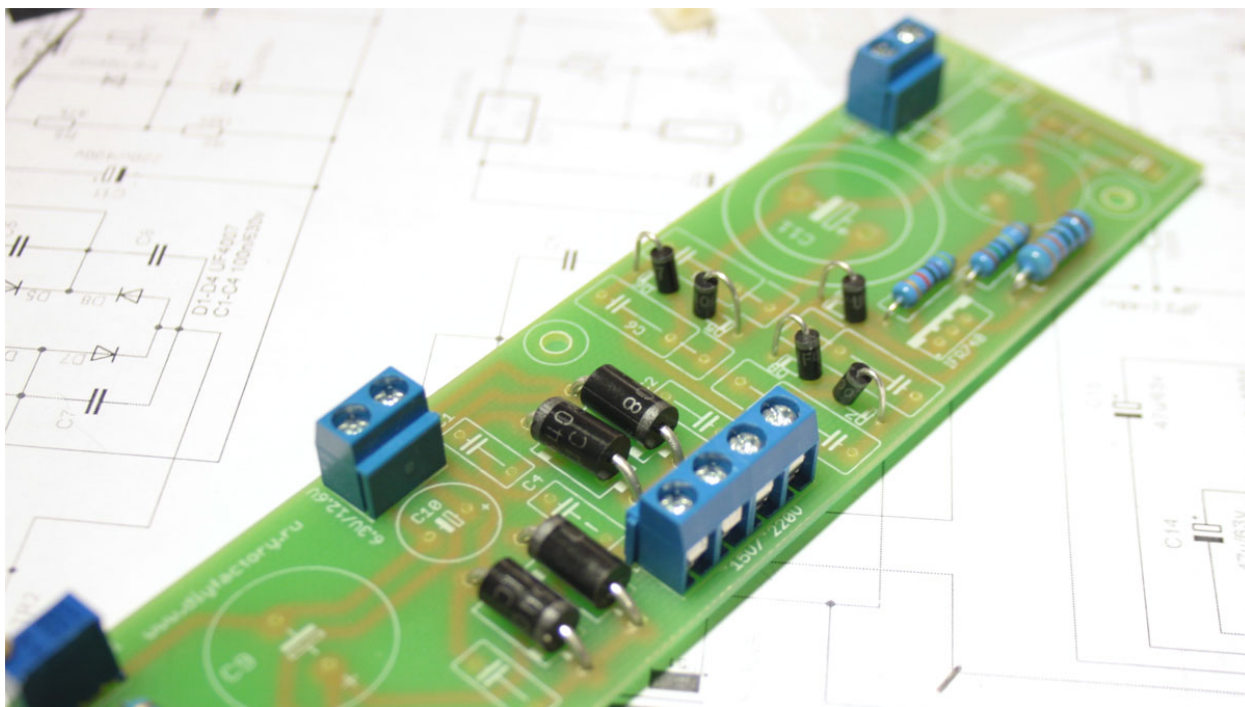
Prepare connectors. Combine two two-pin connector - groove and comb let us get a single 4-pin block.

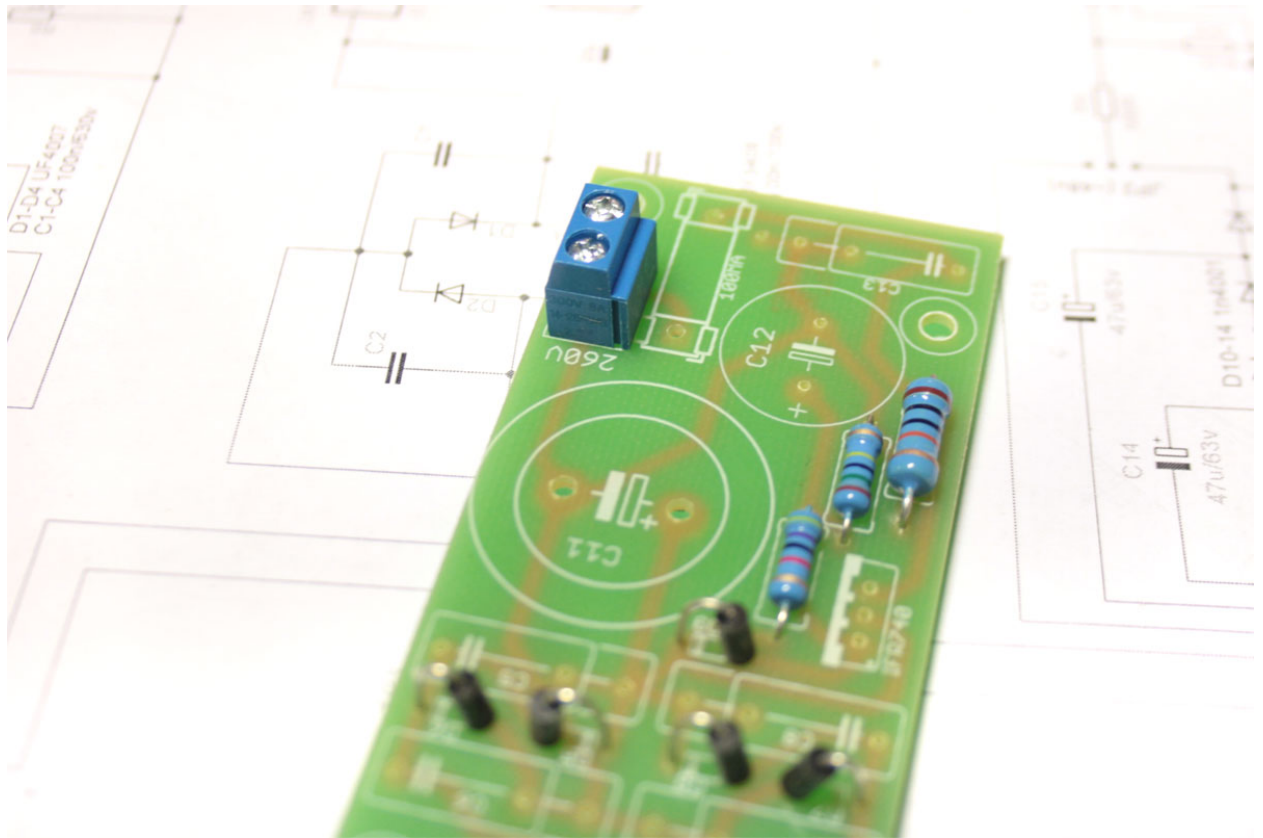




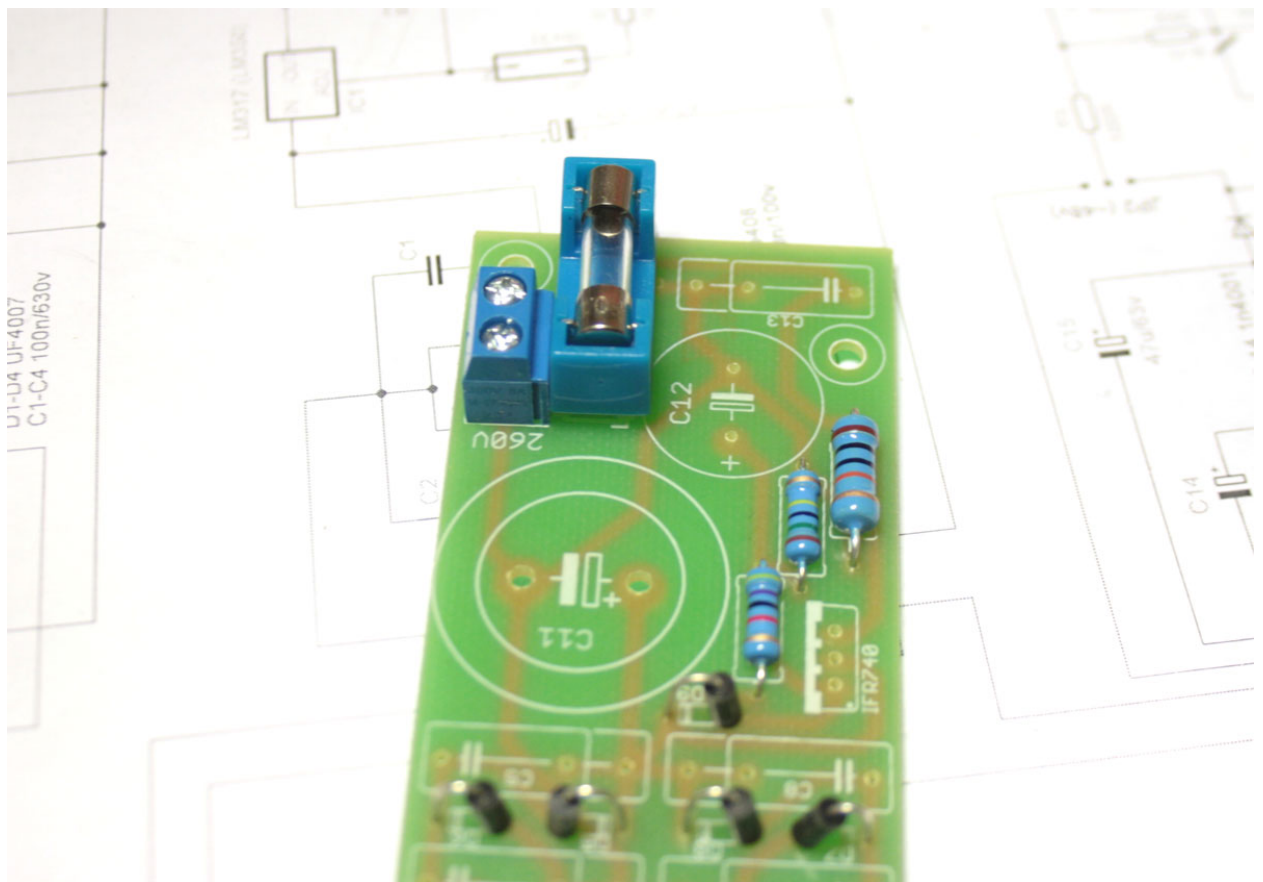


Solder the sockets.



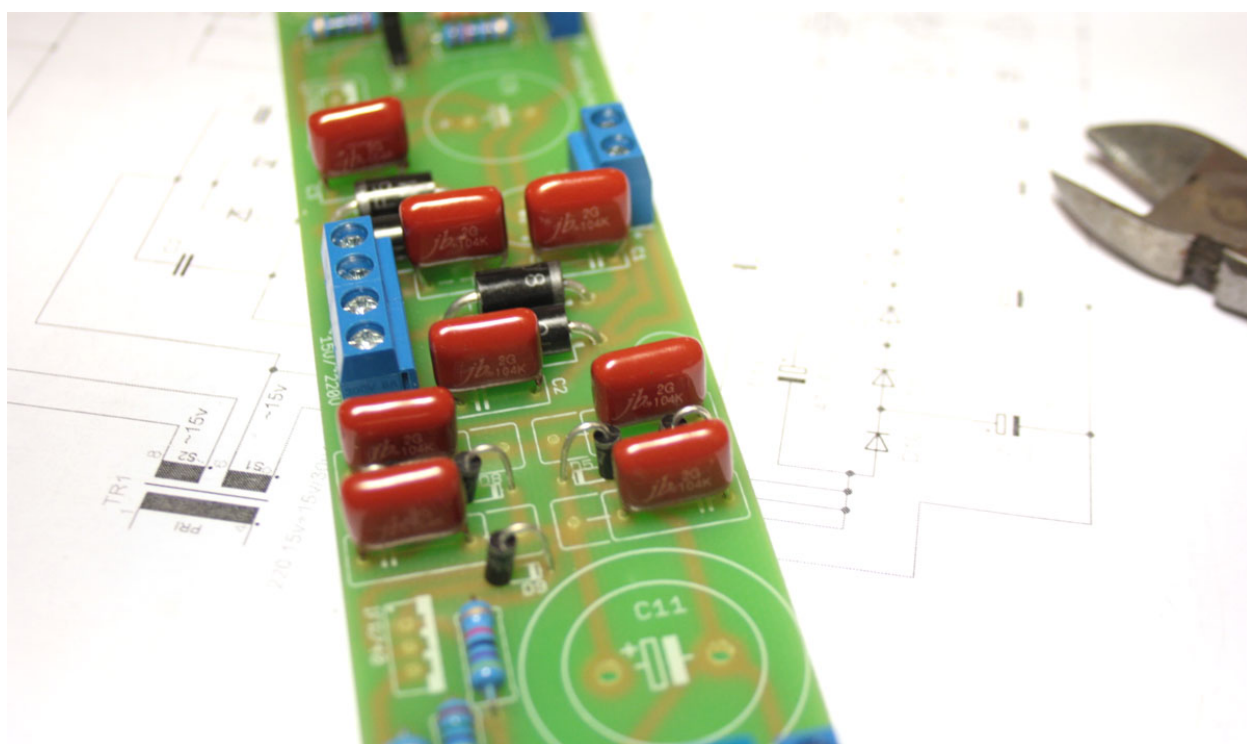
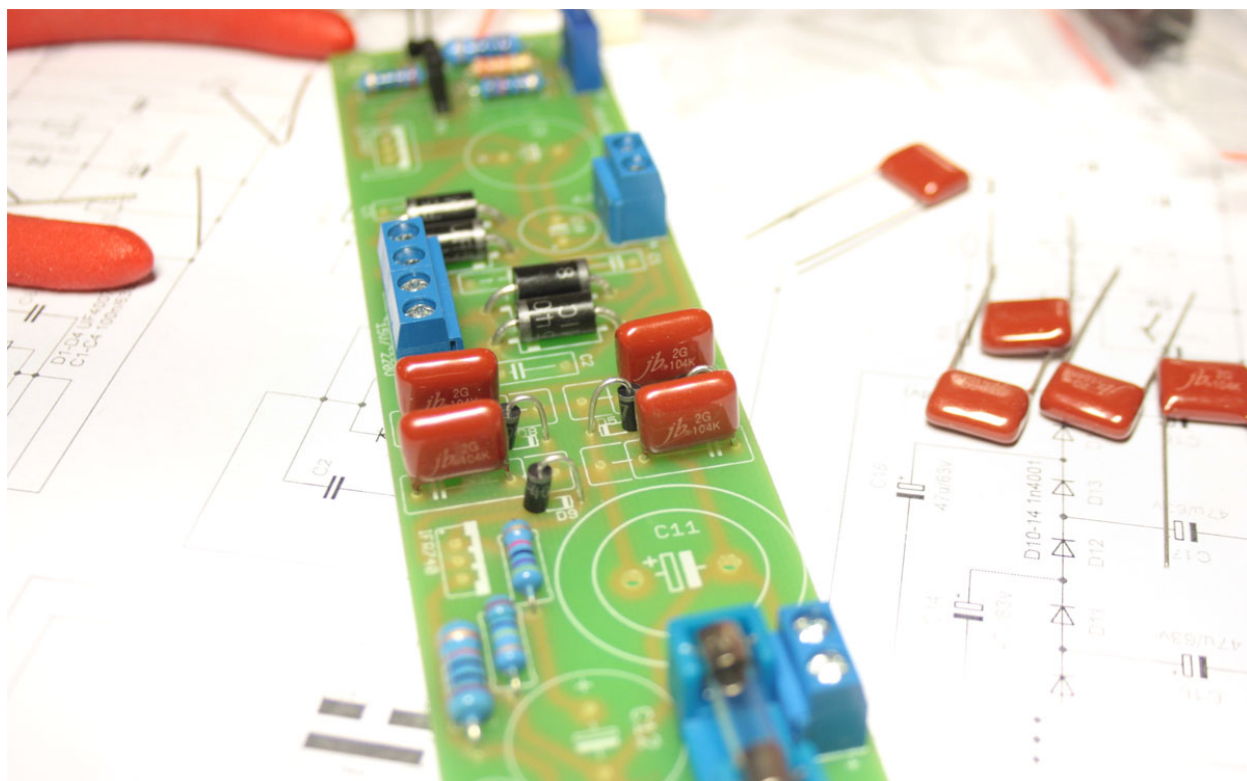


Solder fuse holder.

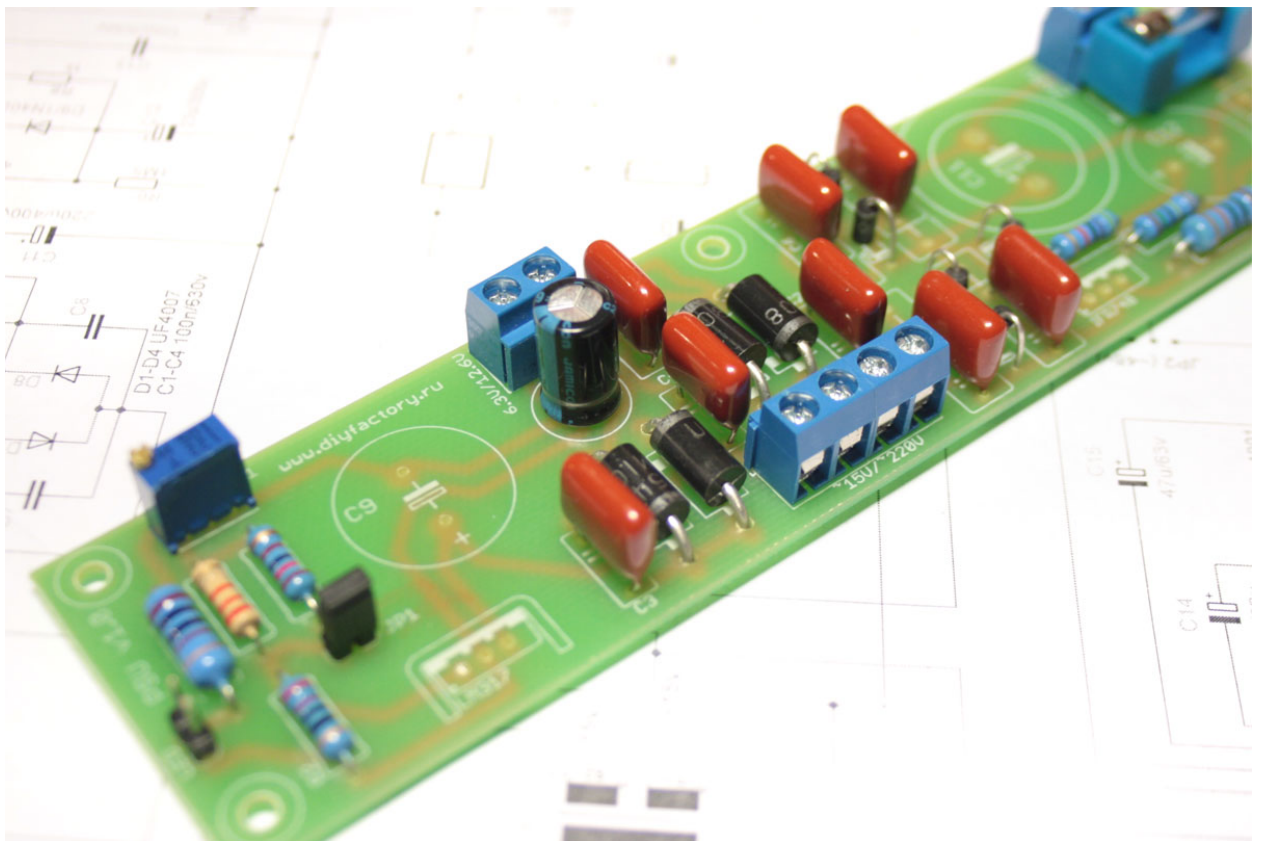
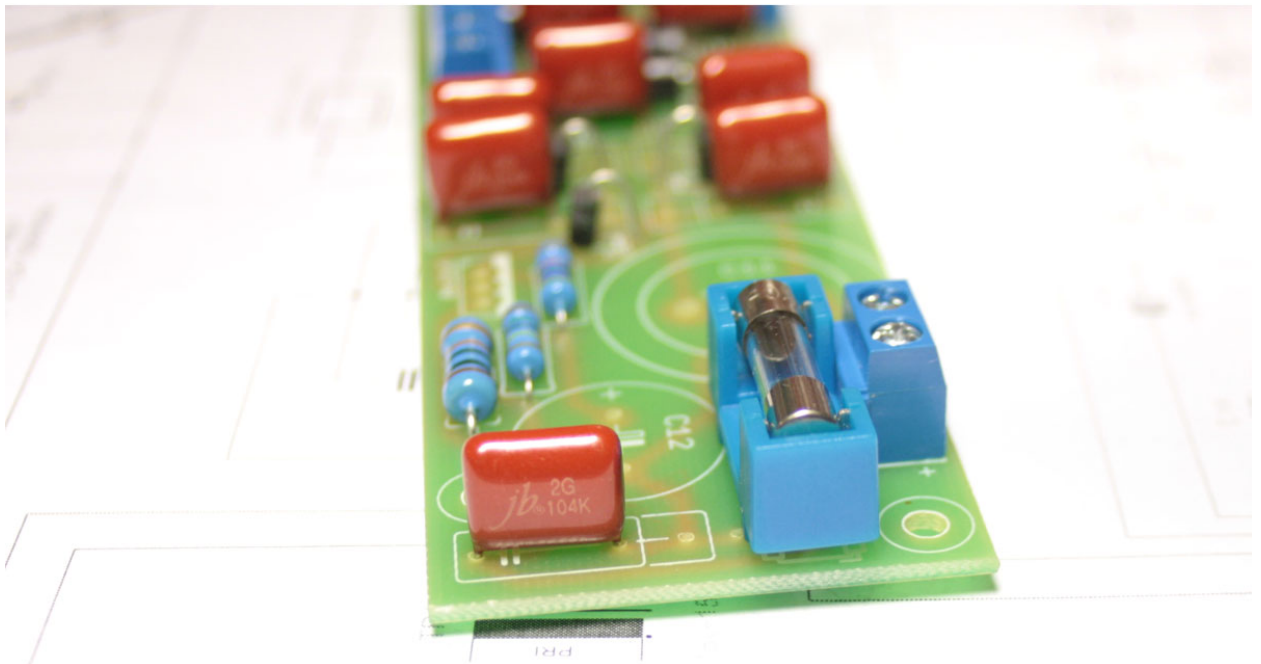




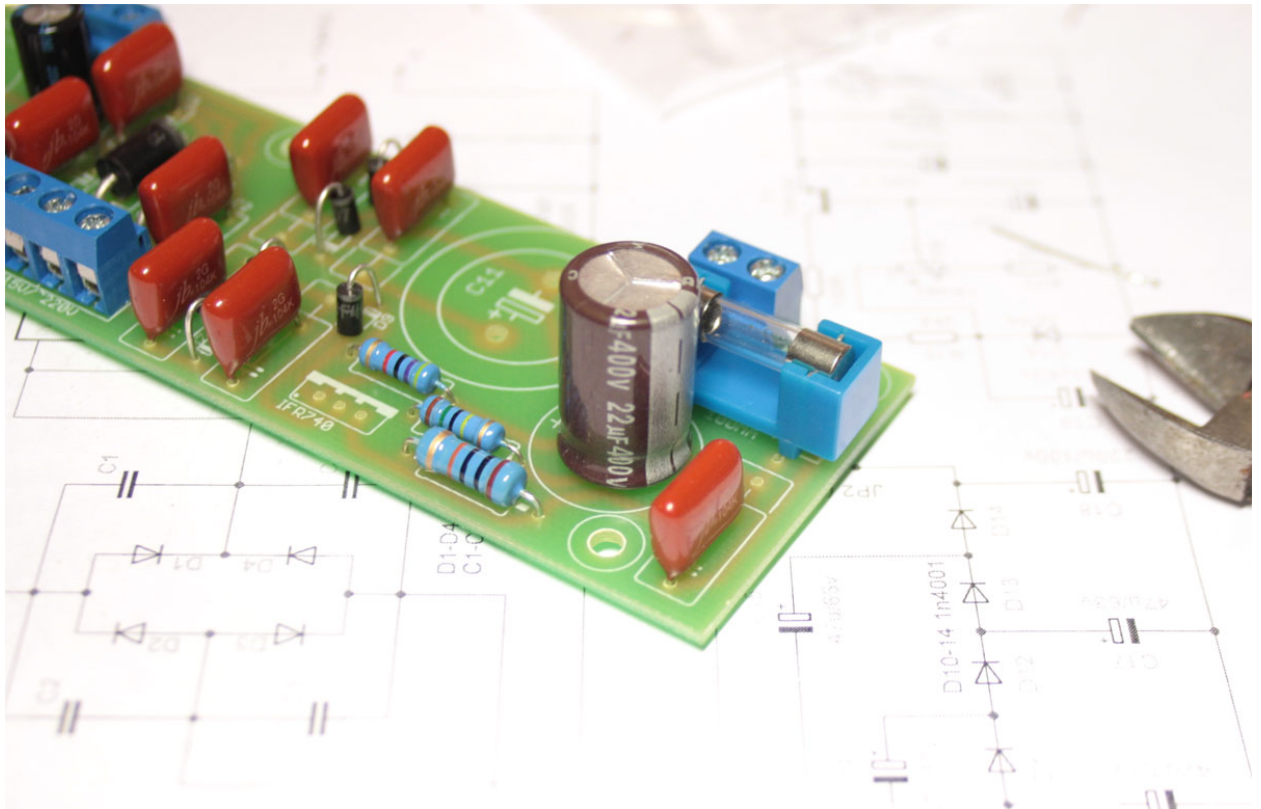
Solder film capacitors shunting rectifier diodes (C1-C8). All capacitors are rated at 400 volts.



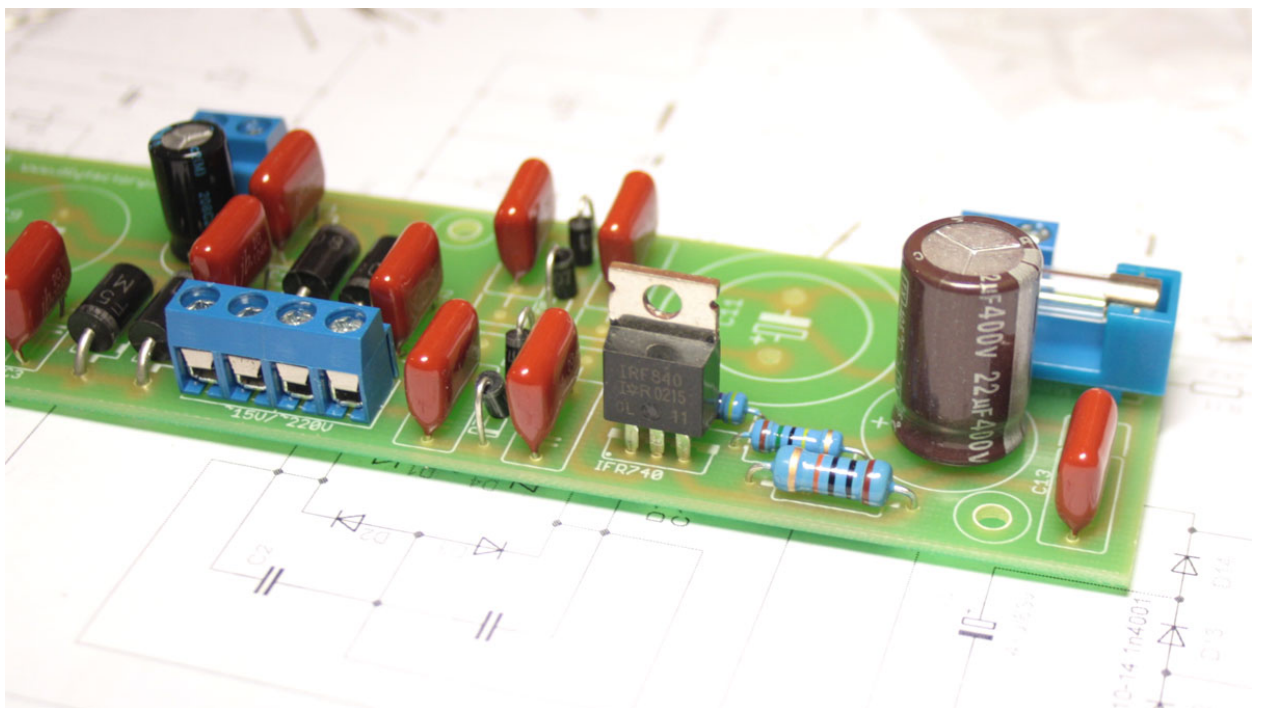
Solder capacitors C13, C10.



Gradually move to higher elements. Solder capacitor 22u 400v (low ESR). Pay attention to how the capacitor is oriented on the board.

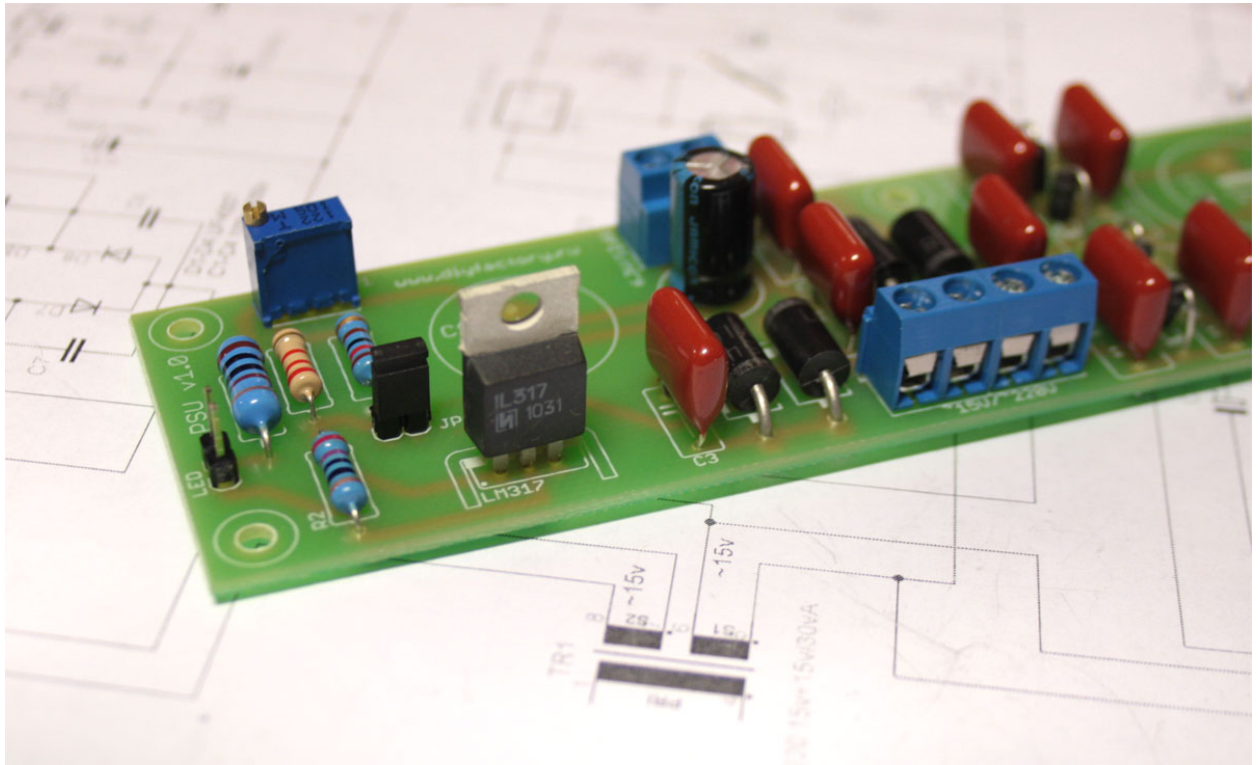


Solder high voltage mosfet transistor IRF840.

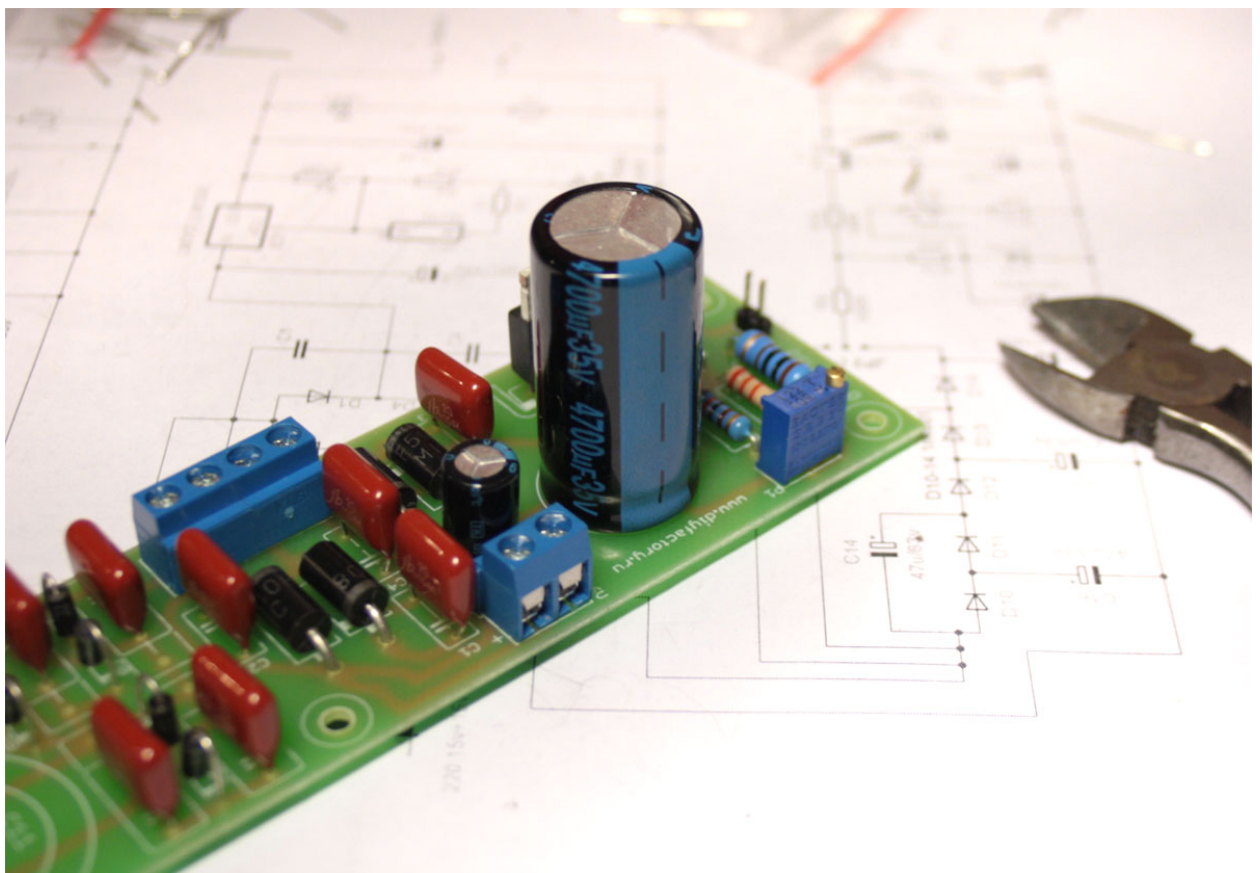




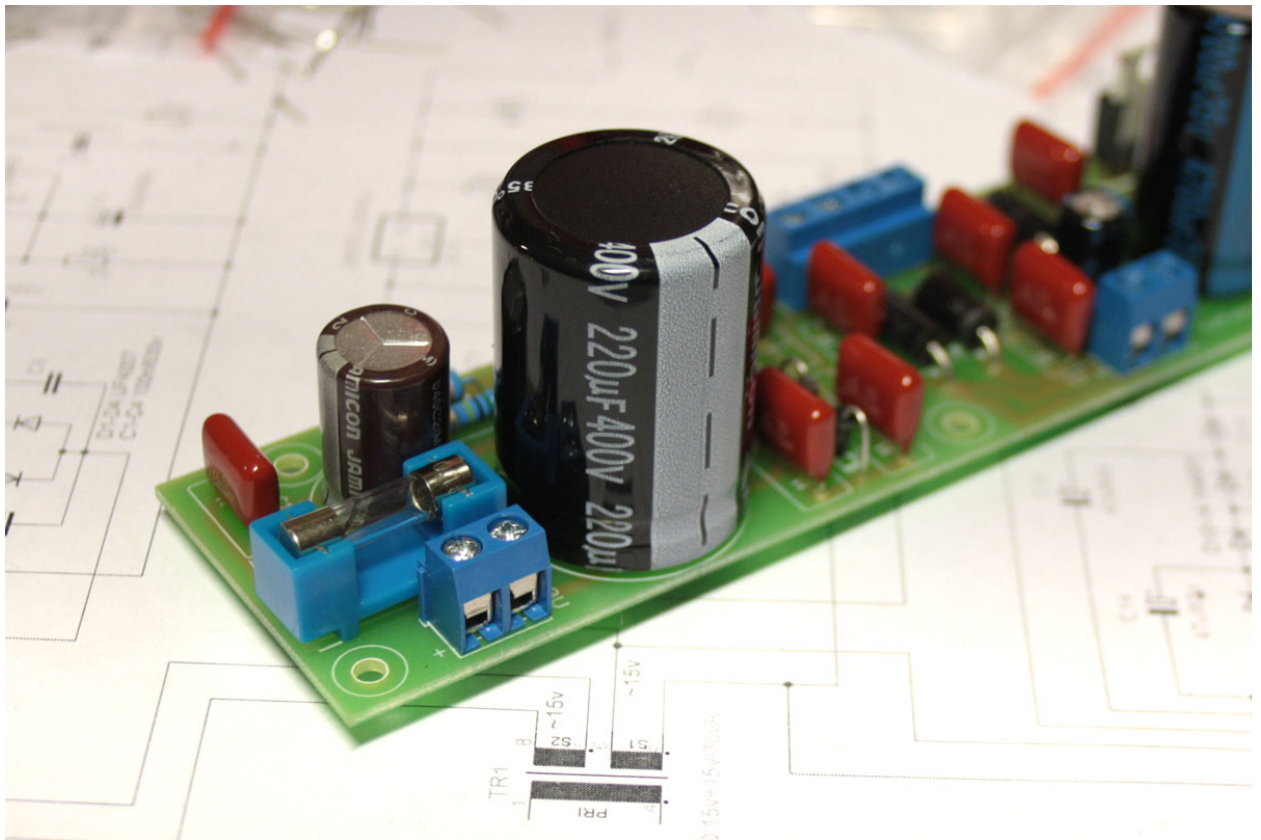
Then solder voltage regulator LM317 in the heater supply chain.



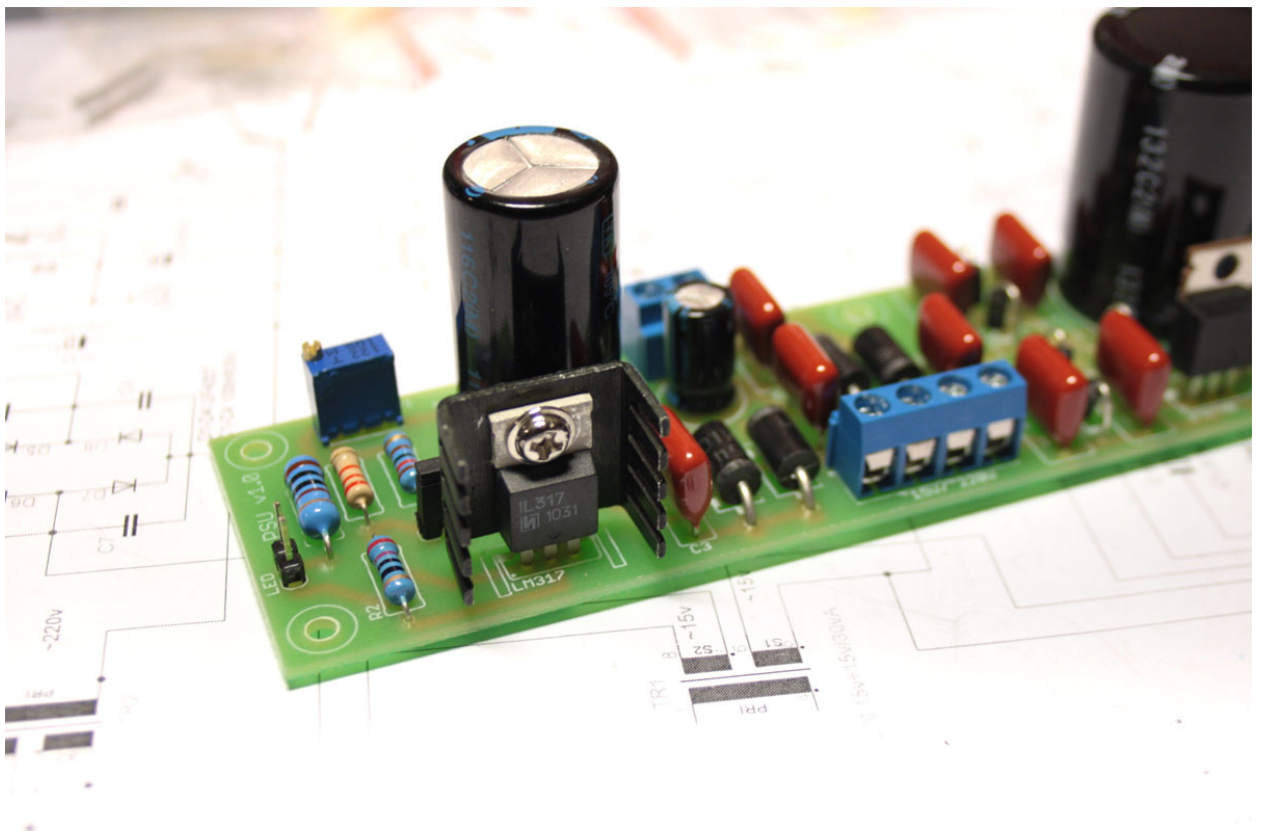
Electrolyte capacitor (4700u) is in the heater circuit. Pay attention to how the capacitor is oriented on the board. The negative pole is marked on the body of the condenser with light stripe.



Mount capacitor C11 (220u 400v) in the anode circuit. Pay attention to how the capacitor is oriented on the board. The negative pole is marked on the body of the condenser with light stripe.

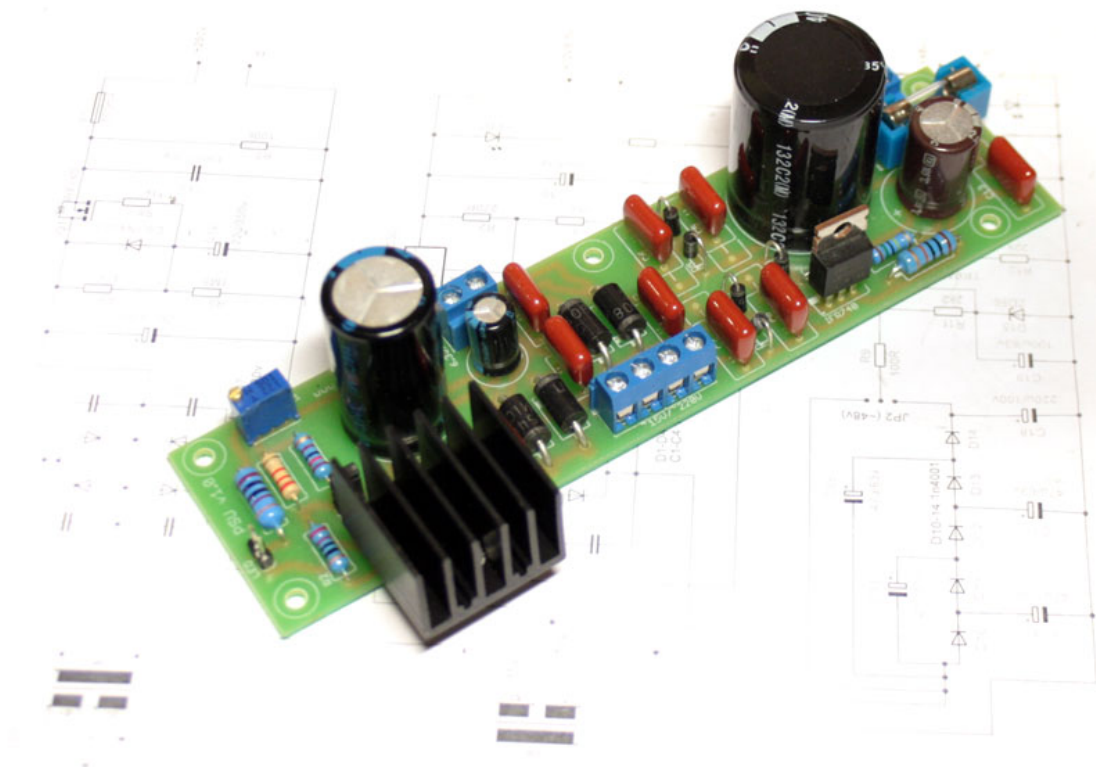


Install the radiator housing LM317.

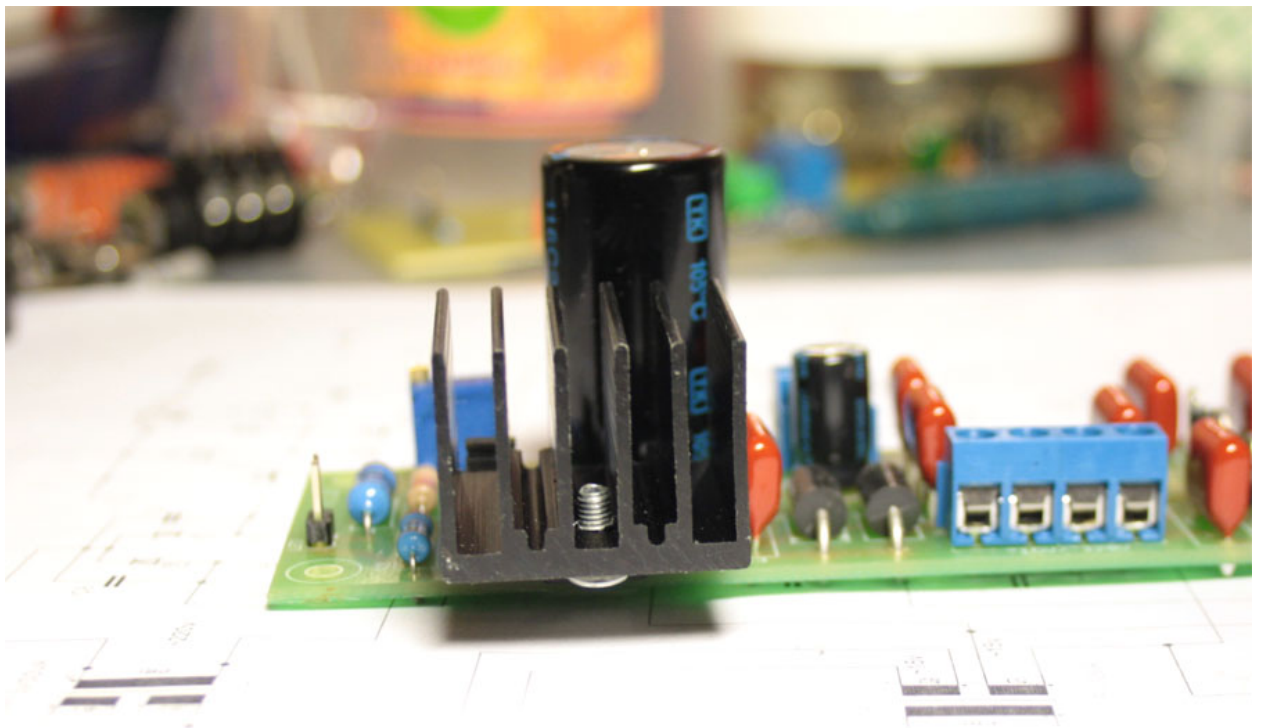




...or more massive type (also included in the kit)

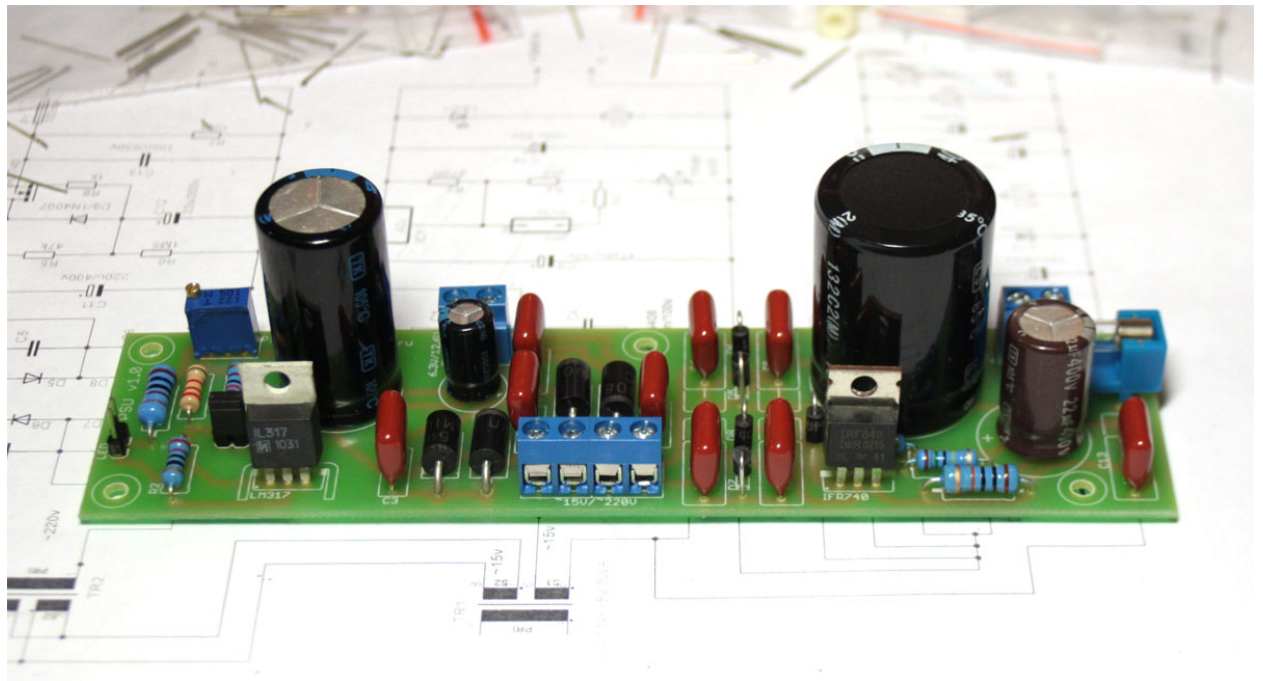


Drill the radiator and mount it with 3mm screw.





General view of the power supply assembly.

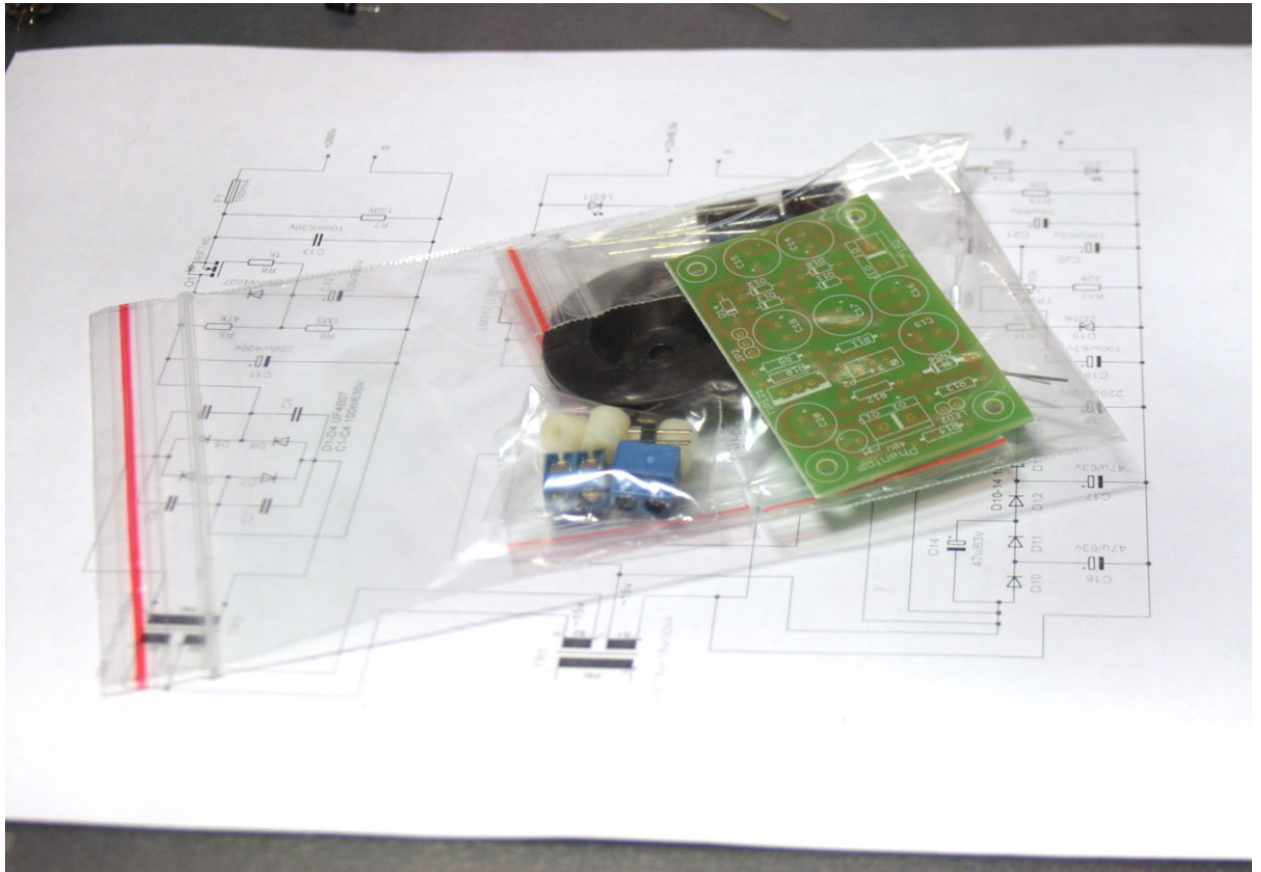




The kit includes:

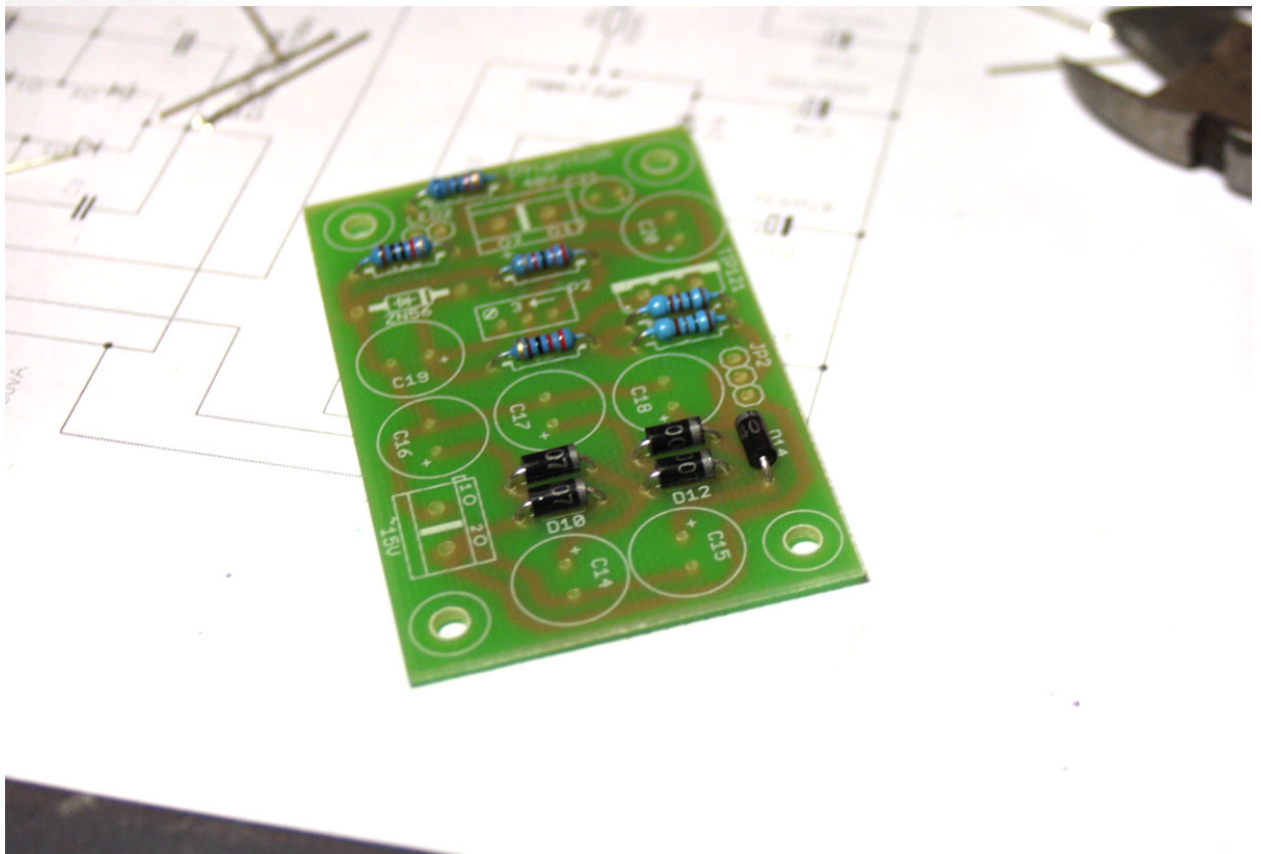
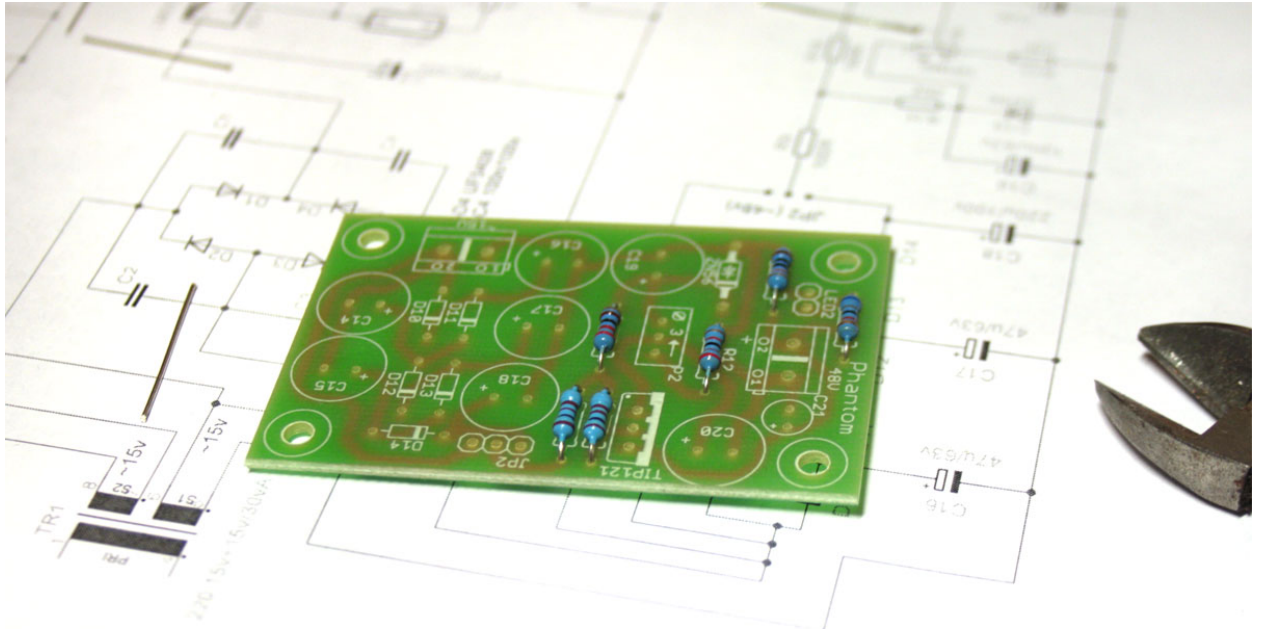
Board power supply  
Resistors,  
Connectors,  
Capacitors  
Trimmer,  
Transistor TIP121.

As a bonus - stands for PCB, and hardware for a toroidal transformer (screws not supplied).

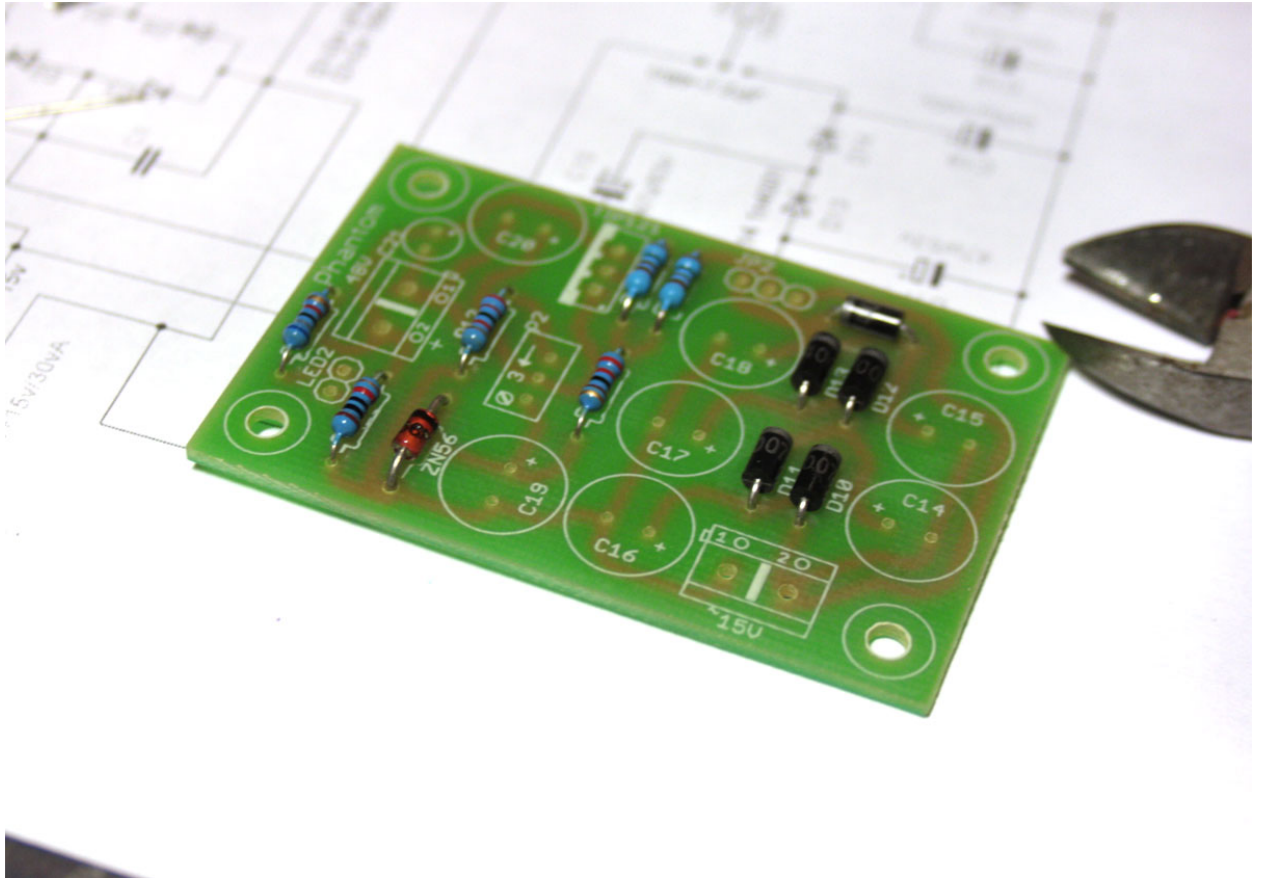




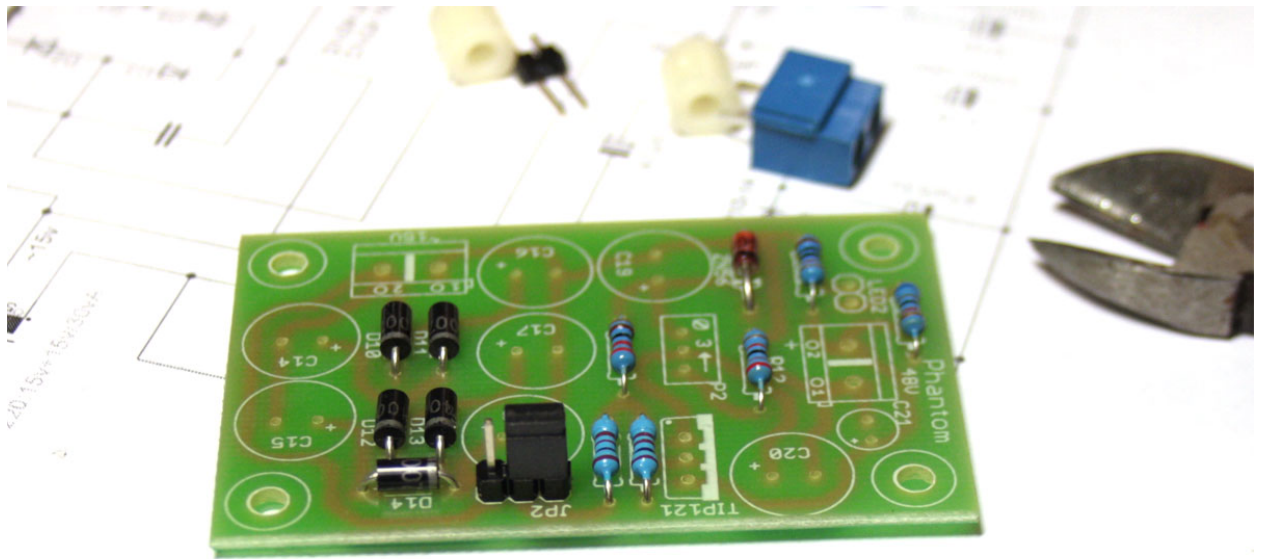
Solder resistors, diodes. Before installation always check the value of resistors with multimeter.



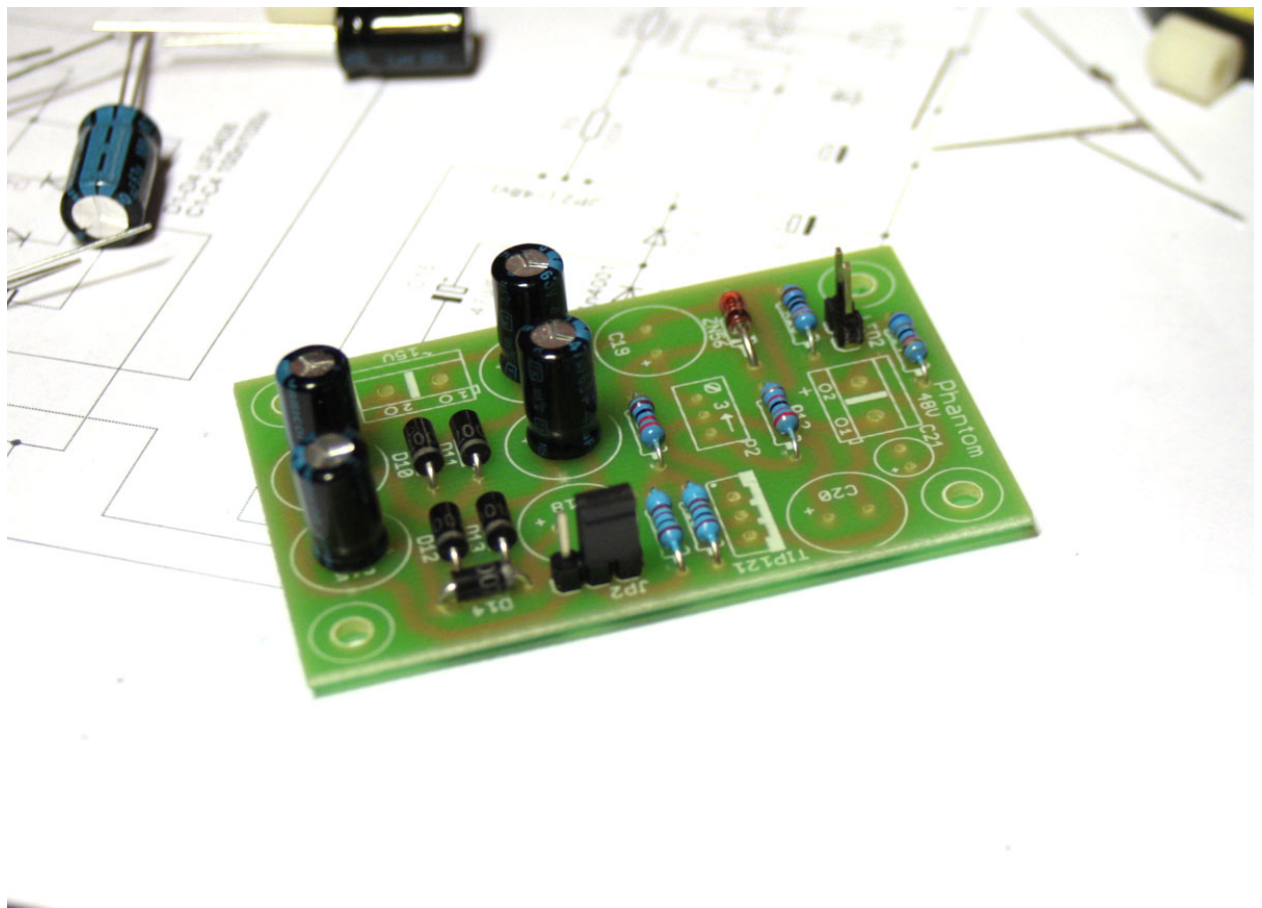
Solder zener diode (ZN56). Pay attention to how the zener diode is oriented on board.



Jumper allows you to use transformers with the secondary winding of 12-15 volts (jumper position installed for circuit with multiplier is on the photo). If you have a transformer with a secondary winding of 48 volts, set the jumper to combine tracks from the input connector with resistor R9.

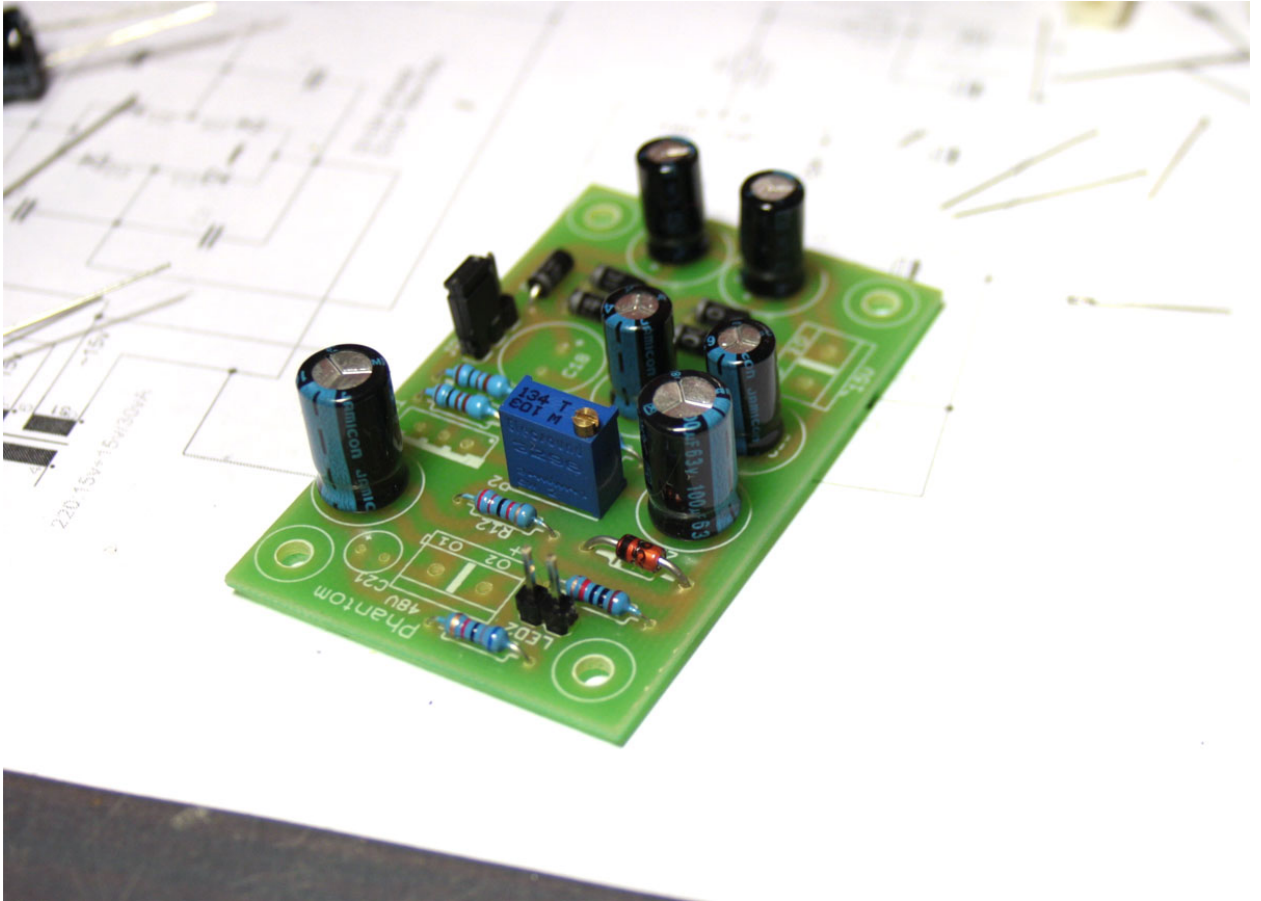


Solder capacitors C14-C17 (47u, 63v)

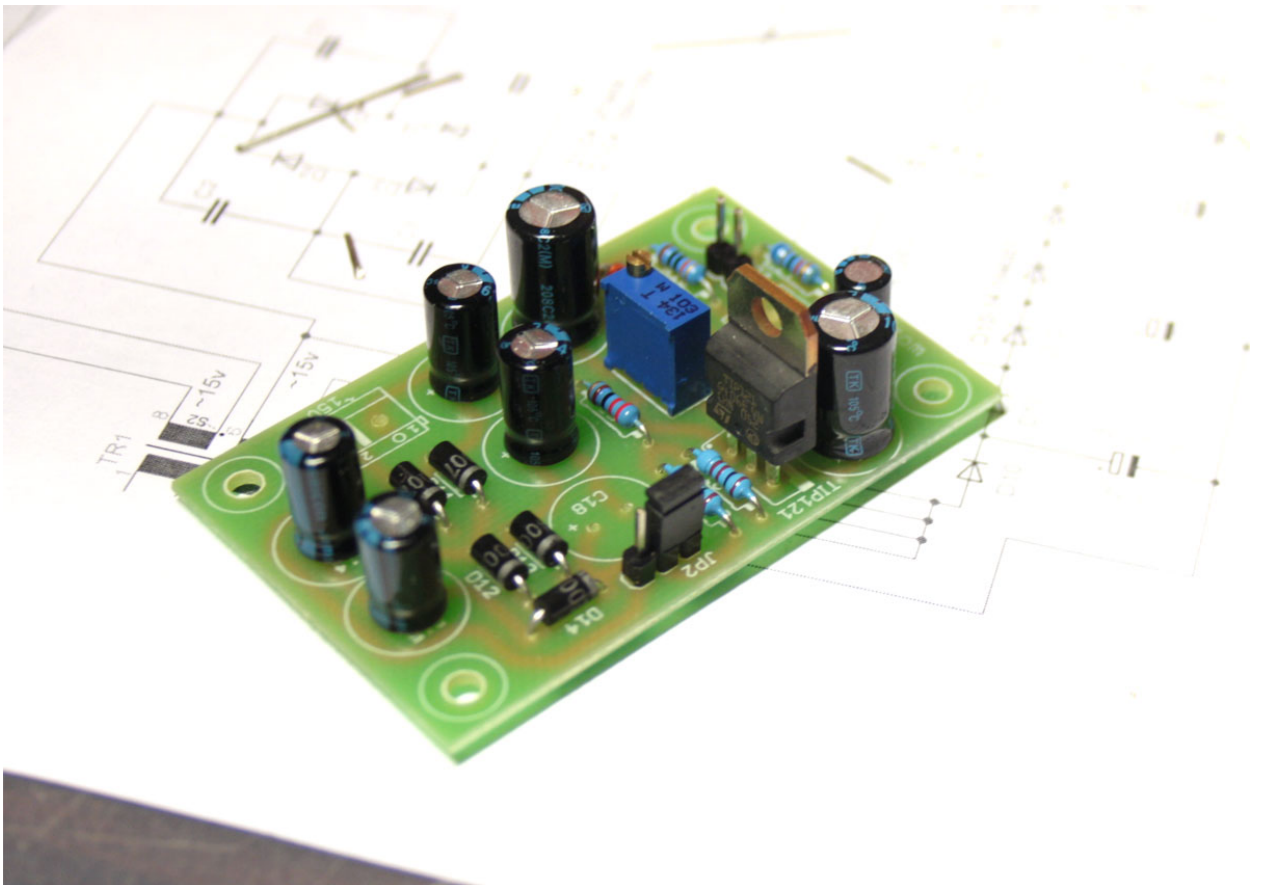


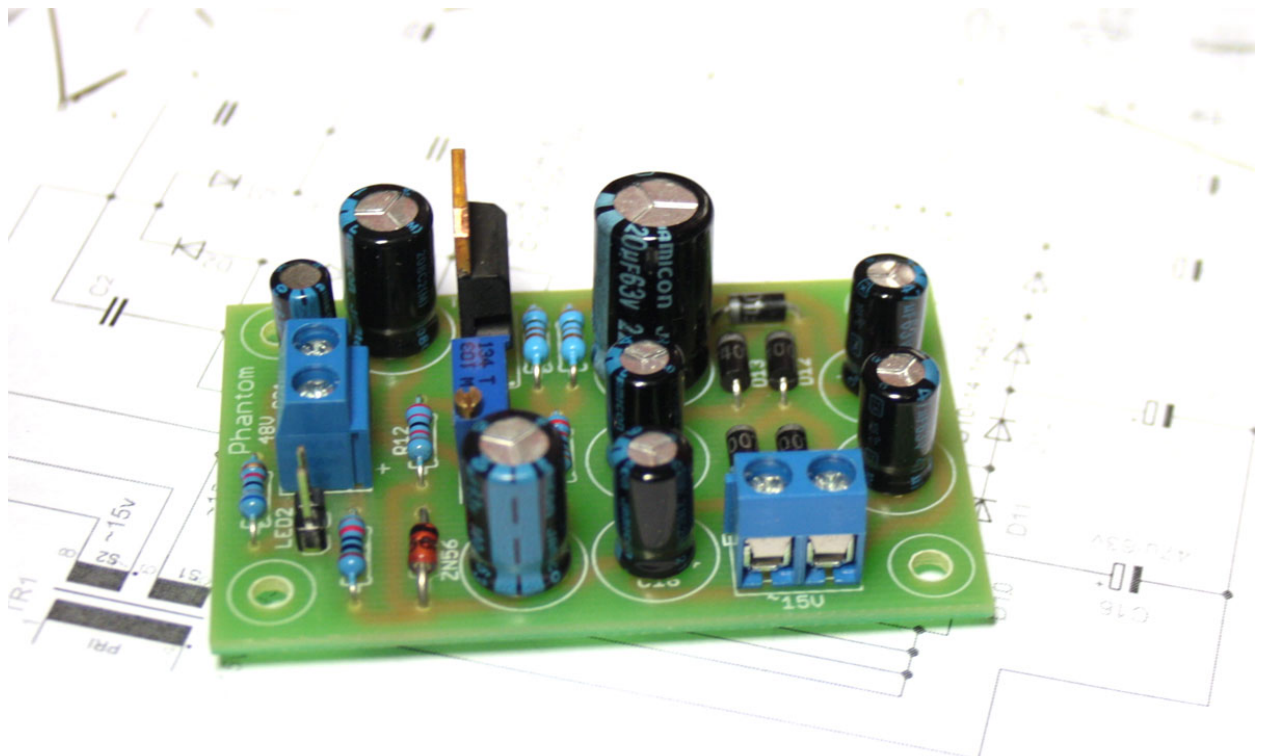


C19-C20 (100u 63v) and trimmer 10k.



Solder TIP121.





After we finished the installation, it is necessary to connect the secondary winding of the transformer to the appropriate connectors power supply and set the required voltages with jumpers and trimmer potentiometers.

Always remember this PSU operates at **potentially lethal voltages**. Be warned when operating with transformers and electrolytic capacitors. The charge stored in the capacitor even after disconnecting PSU from the mains.

Typical connection diagrams are shown in the diagrams below.



# Typical interconnections

